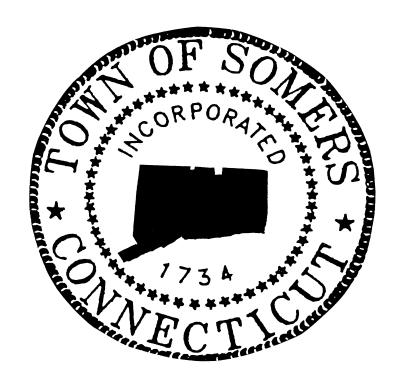
TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prepared by:

Finance & Treasury Department

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TOWN OF SOMERS

600 MAIN STREET P.O. BOX 308 SOMERS, CONNECTICUT 06071

December 23, 2014

To the Members of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance, and the Citizens of the Town of Somers, Connecticut

Connecticut General Statutes require that all municipal governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. In accordance with that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Somers, Connecticut (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town's comprehensive framework of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town's basic financial statements have been audited by Mahoney Sabol & Company LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The objective of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the Town as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the Town's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the Town was part of broader Federal and State of Connecticut mandated "single audits" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the Town's internal control and compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, with special emphasis on internal control and compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal and state major programs. The State and Federal Single Audit reports are available in the Town's separately issued State and Federal Single Audit reporting package.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Somers, incorporated in 1734, is a suburb consisting of 28.7 square miles and is located approximately 24 miles from Hartford to the southwest, 10 miles from Springfield, Massachusetts to the northwest, 7 miles from Interstate 91 to the west and is in the north central part of the State with a June 30, 2014 population of 11,320. Bradley International Airport is 18 miles from the Town.

The Town operates under a Selectmen-Town Meeting form of government. The First Selectmen is the Chief Executive and is elected to a two year term. The Board of Finance is a six member board who are elected to staggered six year terms. The First Selectman is responsible for carrying out the day-to-day operations of the Town. Appointing the heads of the various departments, boards and commissions is vested with the Board of Selectmen.

The Town provides a large but not complete range of services to its citizens. Police protection is provided by resident state troopers supplemented by Town constables. Fire and ambulance protection is provided by the Town's staff of five full time and five part-time employees during the day and by a volunteer force in the evenings and on weekends/holidays. The Town has a library, several parks, athletic fields and tennis courts, a recreation program, a public works department and transfer station, cultural events sponsored by the cultural commission, a senior center, senior/disabled transportation and health services.

The annual budget and a long range plan (including capital needs, debt service and operating expenditures) serve as the basis for the Town's financial planning and control. The Board of Selectmen and Board of Education, respectively, perform a detailed analysis of their department requests; rate each request and provide a report with recommendations, per the adopted CIP policy, to the Board of Finance as to capital needs of the Town and Board of Education. Each department is required to submit an operating budget request through the Board of Selectmen and Board of Education to the Board of Finance. Revenue estimates are generated by the Treasurer's Office from documentation provided by the State of CT and various departments. The Board of Finance reviews each budget with the Board of Selectmen, Board of Education and other elected officials and makes adjustments as determined necessary. The Board of Finance holds a public hearing to review the proposed budget, answer questions and make any necessary adjustments. Subsequently, a Town Meeting is held by the Board of Selectmen to answer any final public questions and move the proposed budget to referendum.

During the course of the year, budget transfer requests or additional appropriation requests may be approved by the Board of Finance. Budget to actual comparisons are provided as supplementary information for the General Fund, which is the only fund with an appropriated annual budget.

Local Economy

The Town is primarily a suburban residential community that derives substantially all of its income from property taxes and federal and state grants, with the balance from miscellaneous fees, permits and other sources. The Town has a moderate economic climate. The CT Dept. of Labor lists the June 2014 unemployment rate at 6.2% (not seasonally adjusted) which is slightly lower than the state unemployment rate of 6.8%. Industry within the Town includes specialty manufacturing, small machine shops and a wholesale nursery. This light industry provides stable employment, however, the primary employment of Town residents is provided from the industry in neighboring communities in the area between Hartford, Connecticut and Springfield, Massachusetts. The Town is fortunate to have State of Connecticut owned facilities that provide a stable revenue base in the form of revenues paid in lieu of taxes. The Town experienced a 7.0% decrease in building permits compared to the prior fiscal year with an associated decrease in the overall valuation of construction activity.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Town, including the Board of Education, under the direction of the Board of Finance, prepares a long range plan which encompasses all aspects of revenue and expenditure planning, including operating expenditures, capital equipment planning, capital project (construction) planning and debt service. Historical data and projections on the property tax grand list, grants and other fees, permits and miscellaneous income are monitored in detail by computerized analysis reports. Capital equipment and construction projects are reviewed and analyzed by their respective project committee and Board which renders recommendations to the Board of Finance. The age, condition, efficiency and dependability, health and safety are all considerations in prioritizing capital requests for funding. Debt is structured to level debt service expenditures within a dollar range to avoid an expenditure impact which would cause a significant tax rise in any individual year. Significant or one time operating expenditures are identified and entered into the plan and the balance is the presumed affordable "day-to-day" operating expenditures. Any increase in these presumed operating expenditures requires a reduction in some other expenditure category.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Town's cash management policy emphasizes foremost the security of the principal being invested, second liquidity and third to obtain the highest yield on the investment. The cash invested is idle cash, which is transferred daily into investment accounts. This idle cash is invested in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund and the Cooperative Liquid Assets Security Systems Fund, which are investment pools that contain U.S Treasury Securities, repurchase agreements, U.S. Government agency notes, U.S. Government agency securities and money market investment accounts that produce high yields and daily liquidity, and competitive bank certificates of deposits with maturity dates ranging from 120-180 days. The Town's investment practices are in compliance with its Charter and the Connecticut General Statutes.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Insurance coverage is purchased from the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), a not-for-profit association of Connecticut municipalities, school districts and local public agencies. To provide worker's compensation coverage, the Town participates in a worker's compensation management program.

Major Initiatives

The Town has dealt with the aftermath of a 2012 fire that destroyed the old Somersville Mill. Remediation work in the area was undertaken to relocate sanitary sewer mains to prevent discharge into the nearby Scantic River. Related work also included improved storm drainage and road repairs including the realignment of the intersection of Maple Street and School Street. The Town recently received a brownfield grant from the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD) to support the clean-up of the property. The receipt of the grant is an important step in the redevelopment process of this site.

The Town has completed its Geographic Information System (GIS). This important system will assist with plotting valuation trends for properties by integrating with our existing computer assisted mass appraisal system. The system also assists with emergency response as well as environmental projects and concerns and makes data available to the public online.

The Town and the State of Connecticut recently completed improvements to the intersection of Route 190, Ninth District and Sokol Roads. This project was undertaken to improve the traffic on Route 190 as well as the traffic flow to the school and public library campus located off Ninth District Road.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in financial reporting to the Town of Somers for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the Town has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Board of Finance and First Selectman deserve to be acknowledged for their valuable contributions and support in the preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report. Special appreciation also goes to our auditors, Mahoney Sabol & Company, LLP for their expertise, professionalism, and assistance in the preparation of this report.

Sincerely,

Michael D. Marinaccio Chief Financial Officer

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

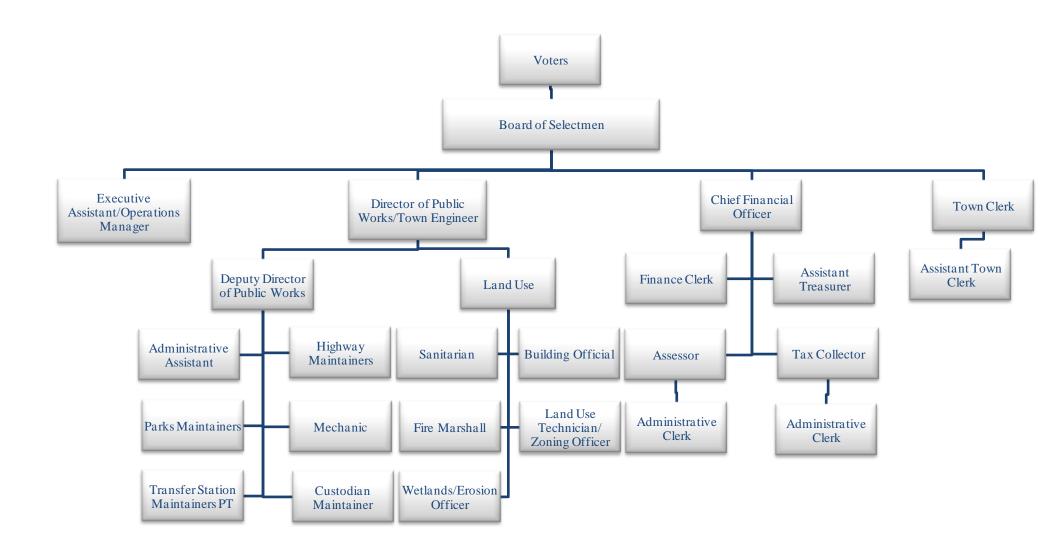
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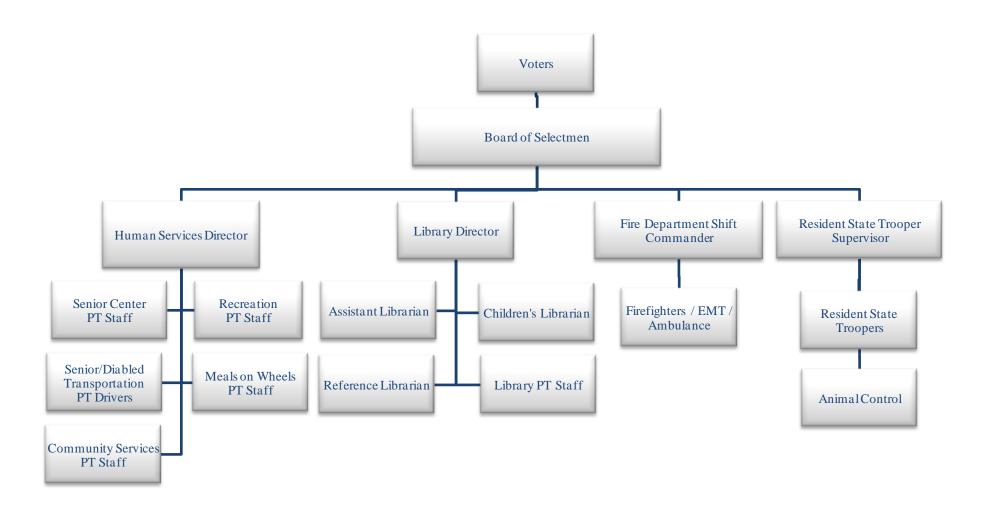
Town of Somers Connecticut

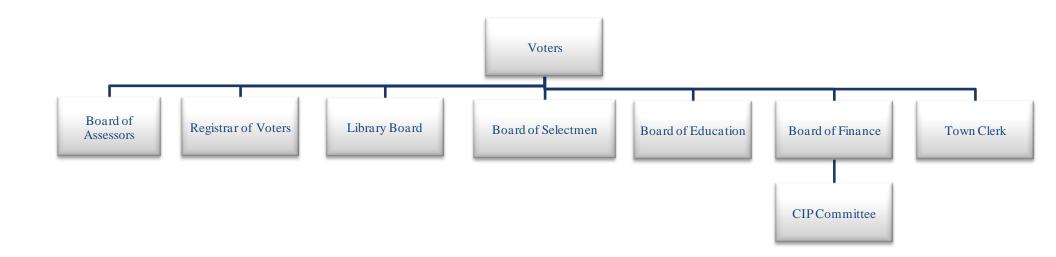
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO







TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL TOWN OFFICIALS – CURRENT

TOWN MEETING - BOARD OF SELECTMEN FORM OF GOVERNMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Lisa Pellegrini, First Selectman Kathleen A. Devlin, Selectman Clyde G. "Bud" Knorr, Jr., Selectman

Assessor	Pat Juda
Building Official	John Collins
Chief Financial Officer	Michael D. Marinaccio
Chief of Police	Lisa Pellegrini
Collector of Taxes	.Sherri Czyz
Fire Chief	Gary Schiessl
Human Services Director	Vacant
Library Director	Francine Aloisa
Public Works Director/Town Engineer	Jeff Bord
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Maynard Suffredini
Town Attorney	Carl Landolina
Town Clerk	.Ann M. Logan
Town Sanitarian	.Steve Jacobs

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Bruce Devlin, Chairman
David Palmer, Vice Chairman
Rick Lees, Jr., Secretary
Sarah Moynihan Bollinger
Kate McLellan
Marybeth Marquardt
Joan Formeister
Anne Kirkpatrick
Molly Rockett

BOARD OF FINANCE

James Persano, Chairman Stephen Krasinski, Vice Chairman Timothy Geib Thomas Mazzoli Michael Parker Joseph Tolisano

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

860.541.2001 fax

mahoneysabol.com Glastonbury Middletown Essex



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Finance Town of Somers, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Somers, Connecticut (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Somers, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the schedules on the Town's pension plans and other post-retirement benefit plan on pages 49 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules on pages 52 through 73 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section on pages i through ix and the statistical section on pages 74 through 90 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2014, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mahoney Sabol + Caypeny, LLP
Glastonbury, Connecticut
December 22, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the Town of Somers, Connecticut (the "Town") offers the readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("Report").

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$48,419,256 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,129,427 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$2,283,245 during the year ended June 30, 2014.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,168,127, an increase of \$1,004,684 over the prior year. Approximately 86.2%, or \$8,761,754, of this total amount is unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) and approximately 54.0%, or \$5,491,267 of this total amount is unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,624,179.
- The Town's total principal balance on long and short-term debt, consisting of bonded debt and capital leases, increased by \$310,135 or 2.4% during the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between these elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements are intended to distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include: general government, public safety, public works, sanitation, health and social services, library, culture and recreation, and education. The Town does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town itself because there are no legally separate organizations for which the Town is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains a number of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as supplementary information in the form of combining statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 21 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the government-wide financial statements.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 and 23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and governmental funds financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and a statistical section.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

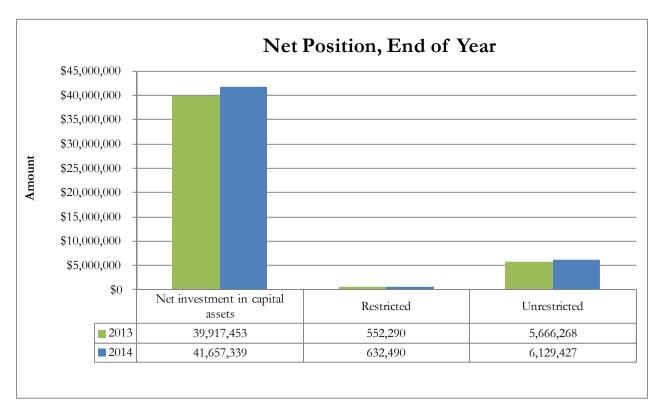
Net Position

Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. The net position of the Town totaled \$48,419,256 and \$46,136,011 as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively and is summarized as follows:

	2014	2013
Current and other assets	\$ 13,367,319	\$ 11,783,567
Capital assets, net Total assets	54,310,952 67,678,271	52,616,322 64,399,889
Deferred outflows of resources	627,824	721,387
Current and other liabilities	2,436,021	1,976,941
Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	17,450,818 19,886,839	17,008,324 18,985,265
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	41,657,339	39,917,453
Restricted	632,490	552,290
Unrestricted	6,129,427	5,666,268
Total net position	\$ 48,419,256	\$ 46,136,011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)



86.0% and 86.5% of the Town's net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, reflect its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

1.3% and 1.2% of the Town's net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are, therefore, presented as restricted.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted and may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Overall, net position increased by \$2,283,245 during the year ended June 30, 2014, compared to an increase of \$1,519,732 during the year ended June 30, 2013.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

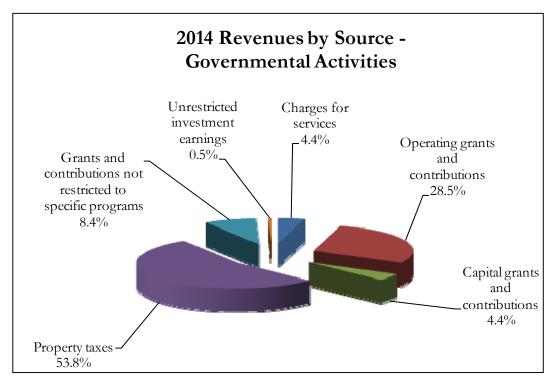
Changes in Net Position

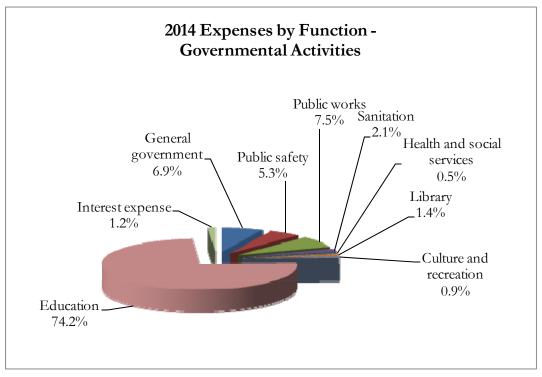
Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	 2014	 2013	
Revenues		_	
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,574,416	\$ 1,991,258	
Operating grants and contributions	10,288,334	9,546,817	
Capital grants and contributions	1,573,883	134,708	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	19,488,998	19,129,203	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	3,049,172	3,193,542	
Unrestricted investment earnings	 184,182	124,247	
Total revenues	 36,158,985	34,119,775	
Program expenses			
General government	2,325,664	2,157,177	
Public safety	1,798,758	1,780,489	
Public works	2,545,433	2,225,255	
Sanitation	716,871	713,943	
Health and social services	170,823	144,374	
Library	476,667	482,812	
Culture and recreation	288,716	264,883	
Education	25,147,599	24,225,731	
Interest expense	405,209	605,379	
Total expenses	33,875,740	32,600,043	
Change in net position	\$ 2,283,245	\$ 1,519,732	

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,283,245 during the year ended June 30, 2014, compared to an increase of \$1,519,732 during the year ended June 30, 2013.

- Charges for services decreased by \$416,842 or -20.9% over the prior year. Current year charges for services were more in line with historical fees. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Town benefited from higher than usual revenues from building permit fees.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$1,439,175 or 1,068.4% over the prior year. During the year ended June 30, 2013, there were no significant ongoing capital projects funded by grants. During the current year, the Town received a \$450,000 grant from the State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection to help offset the cost of the Town's purchase of approximately 174 acres of land to be held for public recreation. In addition, during the current year, the Town recognized approximately \$960,000 in federal and state grant revenue from the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation for the reimbursement of road improvements.
- General government expenses increased by \$168,487 or 7.8% over the prior year. During the current year, the Town incurred approximately \$96,000 in costs relating to the revaluation of all properties in Town.
- Education expenses increased by \$921,868 or 3.8% over the prior year. This increase was primarily driven by contractually required increases in salaries and benefits in addition to an increase in on-behalf payments made by the State of Connecticut into the State Teachers' Retirement fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance (committed, assigned, and unassigned) may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,168,127, an increase of \$1,004,684 over the prior year. Approximately 86.2%, or \$8,761,754, of this total amount is unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) and is available for spending at the Town's discretion.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,816,289. Of this amount, \$5,624,179 represents unassigned fund balance that may be appropriated for future spending. The overall unassigned fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$673,565 during the year ended June 30, 2014.

The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$715,423 during the current fiscal year primarily due to a revenue surplus on federal and state grants as discussed further under General Fund Budgetary Highlights section of this overview and analysis.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

General Fund (Continued)

At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund represented 19.1% of total General Fund expenditures, excluding on-behalf expenditures in the amount of \$2,566,866 paid by the State of Connecticut into the State's Teacher Retirement System. Expressed another way, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was sufficient to cover 2.3 months of General Fund operating expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund

At the close of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund totaled \$1,060,980. A portion of the fund balance in the amount of \$198,750 represents unspent debt proceeds restricted for authorized projects. The overall fund balance for the Capital Projects Fund increased during the current fiscal year by \$221,906.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original and final budget for the year ended June 30, 2014 did not contemplate the utilization of fund balance to cover the excess of budgeted expenses over budgeted revenues. The actual increase in fund balance of the General Fund on a budgetary basis was \$862,877. Expenditures were \$21,463 less than budgeted and revenues were \$633,332 higher than budgeted. Other financing sources were \$208,082 higher than expected.

The Town recognized a revenue surplus over budgetary intergovernmental revenues primarily due to the following:

- Grant revenue under the Pequot Indian program and payment in lieu of taxes on state owned property came in \$292,775 and \$177,198 higher than budgeted.
- The Town received an unbudgeted grant for additional emergency relief funding in the amount of \$137,850 to cover storm clean-up costs incurred in a prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities (net of accumulated depreciation) as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 totaled \$54,310,952 and \$52,616,322, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, including park facilities, roads, and bridges. The net increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,694,630.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

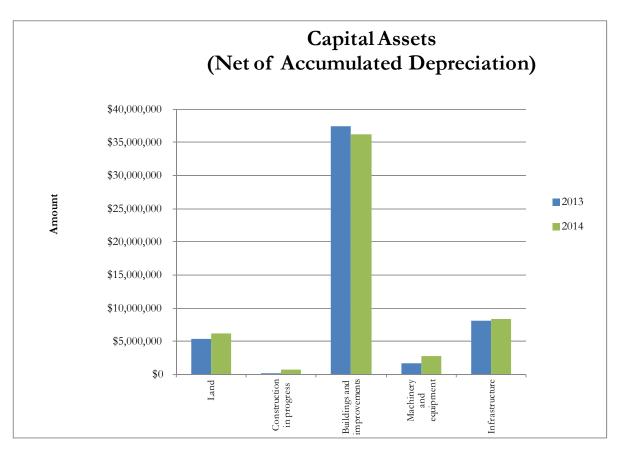
- Depreciation and amortization of capital assets in the amount of \$1,831,750.
- The purchase of approximately 174 acres of land to be held for public recreation in the amount of \$825,000.
- Approximately \$127,000 of technology upgrades at the Town's educational facilities.
- Approximately \$1,286,000 of vehicles to be used by for Town police services, senior services and fire services.
- Approximately \$1,200,000 of improvements to the Town's roads and the parking lot of the Town Hall.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The following table is a two year comparison of the investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization:

	2014	2013		
Land	\$ 6,161,758	\$ 5,336,758		
Construction in progress	724,375	146,743		
Buildings and improvements	36,271,326	37,423,883		
Machinery and equipment	2,756,423	1,666,721		
Infrastructure	 8,397,070	8,042,217		
Totals	\$ 54,310,952	\$ 52,616,322		



Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total long-term debt outstanding of \$13,274,331. This entire amount is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

The Town's total long-term debt increased by \$310,135 during the current fiscal year due to the issuance of \$1,750,000 in bond anticipation notes payable, offset by schedule principal repayments of \$1,360,000 on general obligation bonds and \$79,865 on capital lease obligations. The proceeds from the bond anticipation notes are to be used for improvements to the Town's educational facilities and roads, and the purchase of a fire tanker truck and ambulance, a senior shuttle bus and a fire truck.

The Town's seven year capital construction/equipment plan and operating expense financial plan are established to control the level of capital expenditures, debt service expenditures and operating expenditures in order to maintain a level amount of debt service expenditures and to avoid any sharp increase in property tax rates. Debt levels are managed to ensure that debt service requirements of new debt reasonably coincide with the normal amortization of existing debt service expenditures.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current capacity of borrowing for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt. The following table is a two year comparison of long-term debt:

	 2014	 2013
General obligation bonds	\$ 11,140,000	\$ 12,500,000
Bond anticipation notes	1,750,000	-
Capital leases	 384,331	 464,196
Total	\$ 13,274,331	\$ 12,964,196



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

A summary of key economic factors affecting the Town are as follows:

- Inflationary trends in the region approximate the national indices.
- Significant estimates affecting next year's budget that are subject to change in the near term consist of the following:
 - o For purposes of calculating property tax revenues for fiscal year 2015, the assessor's grand list was used along with an estimated tax rate, and an estimated rate of collection, with deductions for taxes to be paid by the State on behalf of certain taxpayers.
 - Intergovernmental grants were based on estimates from the State of Connecticut.

The Town utilizes a five year financial plan that projects peaks and valleys of fund balance levels for each year and also determines the amount of expenditures that are affordable for the upcoming year's budget. The Town, in essence, backs into the expenditure increase percentage that is affordable for the upcoming budget using an analysis that allows the Town to review revenues, operating expenditures, debt service expenditures and capital outlays for five years into the future. For peak years of expenditures, the Town determines that revenues plus available surplus are adequate to meet these obligations without the need for spikes in the tax rates.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2015.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Town of Somers, 600 Main Street, Somers, Connecticut 06071.

Basic Financial Statements

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,327,877
Investments	1,226,766
Receivables:	
Property taxes, interest and lien fees,	
net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$80,000	566,813
Assessments and user charges	110,940
Grants and contracts	961,923
Other	51,134
Net pension asset	121,866
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	6,886,133
Depreciable, net	47,424,819
Total assets	67,678,271
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charge on refundings	627,824
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,798,623
Accrued liabilities:	, ,
Other	214,829
Accrued interest	137,982
Unearned revenue	284,587
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	3,197,163
Due in more than one year	14,253,655
Total liabilities	19,886,839
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	41,657,339
Restricted for:	. = ,00 / ,000
Library - Expendable	557,490
Library - Nonexpendable	75,000
Unrestricted	6,129,427
Total net position	\$ 48,419,256

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

					Pro	gram Revenu	es			Net (Expense) Revenue and
			C	Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Capital Grants and		Changes in Net Position Governmental		
Functions/Programs								~		
Governmental activities:		-							-	
General government	\$	2,325,664	\$	576,834	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,748,830)
Public safety		1,798,758		307,782		171,609		-		(1,319,367)
Public works		2,545,433		-		335,747		1,123,883		(1,085,803)
Sanitation		716,871		133,313		7,775		-		(575,783)
Health and social services		170,823		58,282		17,165		-		(95,376)
Library		476,667		9,411		12,073		-		(455,183)
Culture and recreation		288,716		93,661		_		450,000		254,945
Education		25,147,599		395,133		9,743,965		_		(15,008,501)
Interest expense		405,209		-		-		-		(405,209)
Total governmental activities	\$	33,875,740	\$	1,574,416	\$	10,288,334	\$	1,573,883	-	(20,439,107)
	Gen	eral revenues:								
	F	roperty taxes, l	evied i	for general pur	rposes	3				19,488,998
	(Grants and cont	ributio	ons not restric	ted to	specific progr	ams			3,049,172
	J	Inrestricted inv	estme	nt earnings						184,182
		Total general	reven	ues						22,722,352
Change in net position									2,283,245	
			Net	position - beg	ginnin	g				46,136,011
			Net	position - end	ling				\$	48,419,256

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	General Capital Projects Fund Fund		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,507,746	\$ 249,964	\$	1,570,167	\$	10,327,877
Investments		-	-		1,226,766		1,226,766
Receivables:							
Property taxes, interest and lien fees,							
net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$80,000		566,813	-		-		566,813
Assessments and user charges		-	-		110,940		110,940
Grants and contracts		-	811,016		13,417		824,433
Other		518	-		48,667		49,185
Due from other funds		1,949	-		1,026,834		1,028,783
Advances to other funds		185,098	 -				185,098
Total assets	\$	9,262,124	\$ 1,060,980	\$	3,996,791	\$	14,319,895
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	1,191,261	\$ 443,826	\$	163,536	\$	1,798,623
Accrued liabilities		210,380	-		4,449		214,829
Due to other funds		328,598	390,786		307,450		1,026,834
Unearned revenue		233,358	-		51,229		284,587
Advances from other fund		-	-		185,098		185,098
Total liabilities		1,963,597	834,612		711,762		3,509,971
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenues		482,238	 		159,559		641,797
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		185,098	-		75,000		260,098
Restricted for:		,			,		Ź
Capital purposes		-	198,750		390,035		588,785
Other purposes		-	-		557,490		557,490
Committed for:							
Capital purposes		-	27,618		632,809		660,427
Other purposes		846,845	-		1,603,048		2,449,893
Assigned		160,167	-		-		160,167
Unassigned		5,624,179	-		(132,912)		5,491,267
Total fund balances		6,816,289	226,368		3,125,470		10,168,127
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					· , ,		
resources and fund balances	\$	9,262,124	\$ 1,060,980	\$	3,996,791	\$	14,319,895

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2014

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 10,168,127
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	54,310,952
School construction grants receivable from the State of Connecticut are not susceptible to accrual and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	137,490
Deferred charge on refundings are not recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, these costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt in the statement of net position.	627,824
The pension assets resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contributions are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	121,866
Some of the Town's taxes and assessments will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	641,797
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. Those liabilities consist of:	
Long-term debt: Bonds payable \$ (11,140,000) Bond anticipation notes payable (1,750,000) Premium on bonds payable (397,141) Obligations under capital lease (384,331) Accrued interest payable (137,982)	
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences (1,185,221) Landfill postclosure care costs (154,000) Net OPEB obligation (2,440,125) Total long-term liabilities	(17,588,800)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 48,419,256

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	19,400,489	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,400,489	
Intergovernmental		12,786,529		1,123,883		1,001,196		14,911,608	
Charges for services		743,024		-		819,792		1,562,816	
Investment income		11,042		385		172,755		184,182	
Miscellaneous		-		-		25,107		25,107	
Total revenues		32,941,084		1,124,268		2,018,850		36,084,202	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		2,240,095		-		-		2,240,095	
Public safety		1,463,618		-		89,432		1,553,050	
Public works		1,976,826		-		1,400		1,978,226	
Sanitation		466,798		-		97,219		564,017	
Health and social services		66,608		-		94,177		160,785	
Library		428,311		-		30,268		458,579	
Culture and recreation		249,641		-		12,065		261,706	
Education		23,416,325		-		902,327		24,318,652	
Debt service:									
Principal payments		1,360,000		-		79,865		1,439,865	
Interest and fiscal charges		365,693		-		10,077		375,770	
Debt issuance costs		40,000		-		-		40,000	
Capital outlays		-		1,218,362		2,220,411		3,438,773	
Total expenditures		32,073,915		1,218,362		3,537,241		36,829,518	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		867,169		(94,094)		(1,518,391)		(745,316)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from bond anticipation notes		-		266,000		1,484,000		1,750,000	
Transfers in		240,000		50,000		345,246		635,246	
Transfers out		(391,746)		-		(243,500)		(635,246)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(151,746)		316,000		1,585,746		1,750,000	
Net change in fund balances		715,423		221,906		67,355		1,004,684	
Fund balances - beginning		6,100,866		4,462		3,058,115		9,163,443	
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,816,289	\$	226,368	\$	3,125,470	\$	10,168,127	

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO

THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 1,004,684

Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. The amount by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital outlays in the current period is as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 3,526,380
Depreciation and amortization expense	(1,831,750)
Net adjustment	

1,694,630

Repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, such repayments do not have any effect on net position. The net effect of these repayments in the treatment of long-term debt is as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:

Bond anticipation notes payable (1,750,000)

Principal repayments:

Bonds payable 1,360,000
Obligations under capital lease 79,865

Net adjustment (310,135)

Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. This amount represents the change in deferred inflows of resources:

100,109

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO

THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Intergovernmental revenue and other adjustments on school construction grants are not susceptible to accrual and, therefore, are only reported as revenue in the funds when the cash is received by the Town. In the government-wide financial statements, adjustments and cash received on school construction grants reduce the grant receivable recognized in the government-wide statement of net position.

\$ (25,326)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. Also, governmental funds recognize the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of such items is as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 43,981
Accrued interest	45,205
Amortization of deferred charge on refundings	(93,563)
Amortization of bond premium	58,919
Landfill postclosure care costs	14,000
Net pension obligation	26,072
Net OPEB obligation	 (275,331)

(180,717)

Change in net position of governmental activities

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget			
		Original	Final		 Actual	Over (Under)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	19,415,280	\$	19,415,280	\$ 19,400,489	\$	(14,791)	
Intergovernmental		9,116,285		9,116,285	9,674,927		558,642	
Charges for services		656,585		656,585	750,024		93,439	
Investment earnings		15,000		15,000	 11,042		(3,958)	
Total revenues		29,203,150		29,203,150	 29,836,482		633,332	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,286,401		2,197,405	2,171,634		(25,771)	
Public safety		1,360,929		1,395,538	1,383,195		(12,343)	
Public works		1,914,269		1,967,534	1,940,088		(27,446)	
Sanitation		485,421		490,910	489,060		(1,850)	
Health and social services		77,881		73,096	69,716		(3,380)	
Library		434,021		435,097	430,664		(4,433)	
Culture and recreation		236,907		256,249	254,864		(1,385)	
Education		20,357,880		20,357,880	20,356,670		(1,210)	
Miscellaneous		40,000		20,000	76,355		56,355	
Debt service		1,765,693		1,765,693	 1,765,693		-	
Total expenditures		28,959,402		28,959,402	 28,937,939		(21,463)	
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		243,748		243,748	898,543		654,795	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Prior year unliquidated encumbrances		-		-	158,080		158,080	
Transfers in		190,000		190,000	240,000		50,000	
Transfers out		(433,748)		(433,748)	 (433,746)		2	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(243,748)		(243,748)	 (35,666)		208,082	
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		862,877	\$	862,877	
Fund balance - beginning					 5,701,037			
Fund balance - ending					\$ 6,563,914			

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	Pension Trust Funds	Agency Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 614,625	\$	235,215		
Investments:					
Fixed income securities	1,468,357		-		
Certificate of deposit	119,970		-		
Mutual funds	1,429,594		-		
Common stocks	3,018,976		-		
Other	42,208		-		
Contributions receivable	166,031		-		
Total assets	6,859,761	\$	235,215		
LIABILITIES					
Due to other funds	1,949		-		
Due to others	-		235,215		
Total liabilities	1,949	\$	235,215		
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 6,857,812				

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 453,938
Plan members	135,627
Total contributions	589,565
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	223,304
Net appreciation in the fair value of	
investments, net of investment fees	652,996
Total investment earnings, net	876,300
Total additions	1,465,865
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefit payments	249,314
Administrative expenses	12,518
Total deductions	261,832
Change in net position	1,204,033
Net position - beginning	5,653,779
Net position - ending	\$ 6,857,812

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Somers, Connecticut (the "Town") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental organizations. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Somers, Connecticut is governed by an elected Board of Selectmen, a Board of Finance and through Town meetings. The Town provides services as authorized by its charter including public safety, public works, sanitation, health and social services, library, culture and recreation, education and general administrative services.

The legislative power of the Town is with the Board of Selectmen and Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include, the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town has determined that there are no agencies or entities, which should be presented within the Town's financial statements based on these criteria.

Related Organization

The Town is responsible for appointing members to the Board of Directors of the Housing Authority of the Town of Somers (the "Authority"), but the Town's accountability for the Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments. The Town made no appropriations for the operation of this agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town and include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statements are intended to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The Town has no business-type activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the construction of Town facilities and infrastructure.

In addition, the Town reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Town's defined benefit pension plans. The Town utilizes these funds to account for activities of the following plans: Board of Education Employees' Plan, Town Employees' Plan and the Volunteer Firefighters' Incentive Plan.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The Town utilizes these funds to account for assets of the following: student activities funds and the bond deposit fund. The student activities funds account for monies generated by student activities in the Town's school system. The bond deposit fund accounts for monies received to ensure that driveways and lawns are installed to correct specifications for new home construction.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability in incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

The pension trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Town has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, effective July 1, 2013. GASB Statement No. 67 replaced the requirements of GASB Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 resulted in changes to the disclosures and required supplementary information relating to the Town's defined benefit pension plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 had no impact on the Town's financial position or on the financial position of the Town's Pension Trust Funds.

ASSETS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Investments

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except as described below.

The Town invests in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, and the Cooperative Liquid Asset Security Systems Fund (CLASS), which is an investment pool managed by Cutwater Asset Management. STIF and CLASS operate in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, STIF and CLASS qualify as a 2a7-like pool and are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though they are calculated using the amortized cost method. STIF and CLASS are subject to regulatory oversight even though they are not registered by the SEC.

Donor-restricted Endowments

The Town allocates investment income on endowment investments in accordance with donor restrictions and Connecticut law. The State of Connecticut has adopted the provisions of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA). UPMIFA requires the investment of endowments in good faith and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances. It requires prudence in incurring investment costs, authorizing only costs that are appropriate and reasonable. Factors to be considered in investing are expanded to include, for example, the effects of inflation. UPMIFA emphasizes that investment decisions be made in relation to the overall resources of the Town.

Property Taxes and Assessments

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and are levied on the following July 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments, July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are payable on July 1 and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are payable on January 1. Taxes become delinquent thirty days after the installment is due and liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year. The Town establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical collection experience and other factors.

Upon completion of projects, water assessments are levied and assessed to users each February over a twenty year period. Assessments are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent assessments are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full.

Upon completion of projects, sewer assessments are levied and assessed to users each October. Usage charges are billed monthly. Assessments and user charges are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for infrastructure assets and more than \$2,000 for all other assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of a capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	12 - 60
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave based upon length of employment. For Town employees, unused vacation and sick days can be accumulated from year to year up to certain limits. For Board of Education employees, only unused vacation days can be accumulated from year to year up to certain limits. However, teachers hired on or before June 30, 1994 who retire under the State retirement system and who receive pension payments, will be paid out an amount equivalent to 2 ½ days compensation at the time of retirement or death for each full-time equivalent year of contracted service to the Town.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they have matured, or the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts in the year the debt is issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows/outflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or outflow of resources until that time.

Deferred outflows of resources consists of deferred charges on refundings reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This amount is being amortized to interest expense using the effective-interest method over the life of the related bonds.

Deferred inflows of resources consist of revenue that is considered unavailable under the modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position/Fund Equity

The government-wide statement of net position presents the Town's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted - This category of net position consists of amounts whose use is restricted either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or through restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This category of net position consists of amounts which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The Town's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Finance (the highest level of decision making authority of the Town) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action. The formal action required to be taken by the Board of Finance to commit fund balance includes formal voting procedures regulated by the Town Charter (passing of a resolution).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Equity (Continued)

Assigned - Amounts are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. The Board of Finance has delegated the responsibility to assign funds to the Town's Chief Financial Officer, with the exception of those amounts assigned by the Board of Finance during the Town's annual budgeting process as described in Note 2. Funds are assigned through the approval of a valid purchase order resulting in an encumbering of the funds as of year end.

Unassigned - Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories.

The Town does not have a formal policy over the use of net position or fund balance. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is assumed that the Town will use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned and unassigned resources are available for use, it is assumed that the Town will use committed resources first, then assigned resources and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a restricted fund balance designation (non-spendable) in the General Fund and by a restricted, committed or assigned fund balance designation of other governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Interfund Services Provided and Used

Sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value are reported as revenues and expenditures, or expenses, in the applicable funds.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Interfund Reimbursements

Interfund reimbursements represent repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION AND DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The General Fund is the only fund for which an annual budget is legally adopted. The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data for the General Fund.

- O The Board of Finance submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1 to a public budget hearing, at which taxpayer comments are obtained. The Board of Finance then prepares the recommended Town budget, which it presents at the annual Town meeting. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Expenditures are budgeted by function, department and object. Management may not exceed appropriations at the object level and must seek approval from the Board of Finance to reassign resources within a department, except for the Board of Education. The Board of Education may reassign resources within its department without seeking Board of Finance approval. The legal level of budget control is the department level for the Board of Education and the object level for all other departments. A separately issued budgetary report demonstrating legal compliance with the adopted budget is available from the Town. The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and between departments and objects. Additional appropriations of less than \$20,000 must be approved by the Board of Finance. Appropriations in excess of \$20,000 must be approved at a Town meeting.
- O Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Intergovernmental revenues and other reimbursement for certain special education costs are recorded as reductions to expenditures for budgetary purposes and "on-behalf" payments made by the State of Connecticut into the State Teacher's Retirement System are not recorded for budgetary purposes. In addition, activity of the Revaluation Fund is excluded for budgetary purposes due to perspective differences. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.
- All unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for Capital Projects Funds.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION AND DEFICIT FUND EQUITY (Continued)

BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

As described above, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP basis"). A reconciliation of General Fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts presented on the GAAP basis is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2014:

							N	et Change		
		Total		Total	Oth	er Financing	In Fund			
]	Revenues	_E:	xpenditures	Sou	urces (Uses)		Balance		
Budgetary basis	\$	29,836,482	\$	28,937,939	\$	\$ (35,666)		862,877		
"On-behalf" payments -										
State Teachers Retirement										
Fund		2,566,866		2,566,866		-		-		
Intergovernmental grants										
netted with expenses		544,736		544,736		-		-		
Other reconciling item		(7,000)		-		-		(7,000)		
Perspective differences:										
Reserve for Revaluation Fund		-		95,892		42,000		(53,892)		
Education - Self-insurance Fund		-		(51,947)	-			51,947		
Encumbrances:										
Outstanding - June 30, 2013		-		88,649		-		(88,649)		
Outstanding - June 30, 2014		-		(108,220)		-		108,220		
Prior year unliquidated		-				(158,080)		(158,080)		
GAAP basis	\$	32,941,084	\$	32,073,915	\$	(151,746)	\$	715,423		

DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The School Construction Fund, which is a nonmajor fund, has a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2014 of \$132,912. The deficit does not constitute a violation of statutory provisions. The Town plans to fund the deficit through a final grant reimbursement from the State of Connecticut upon completion of the final project audit.

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

CASH DEPOSITS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's policy provides for uninsured demand and time deposits with banks and savings and loan institutions to be collateralized as prescribed in the Connecticut General Statutes, as described below. In addition, in order to anticipate market changes and provide for a level of security for all funds, all public deposits shall be held in qualified public depositories. As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the Town's cash deposits was \$3,278,956. As of June 30, 2014, \$2,571,833 of the Town's bank balance of \$3,398,832 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 2,314,650
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
bank's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name	 257,183
	\$ 2,571,833

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut General Statutes. Under this statute, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

A reconciliation of the Town's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,327,877
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	 (7,404,106)
	2,923,771
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	849,840
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	(614,625)
Add: investment considered cash deposit	
for disclosure purposes	119,970
	 355,185
	\$ 3,278,956

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2014, the Town's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Maturities
(In Voore)

				(In Years)								
•		Fair		Less		4. 5		C : 40	More			
Investment type		Value		Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10		Than 10		
Debt Securities:												
Money market mutual funds	\$	4,272,845	\$	4,272,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Short Term Investment Fund (STIF)		3,211,099		3,211,099		-		-		-		
Corporate bonds		1,224,065		59,997		337,180		681,493		145,395		
Cooperative Liquid Asset Security System (CLASS)		534,787		534,787		-		-		-		
Preferred stocks		199,676		153,039		-		-		46,637		
Municipal bonds		70,665		-		-		-		70,665		
Government securities		23,899				23,899		-		-		
		9,537,036	\$	8,231,767	\$	361,079	\$	681,493	\$	262,697		
Other investments:												
Common stocks		3,271,550										
Mutual funds		2,353,838										
Real estate investment trust		42,208										
	\$	15,204,632										

Investment maturities of the Town's investments in STIF, CLASS and money market mutual funds were based on the weighted average maturities of those investments.

A reconciliation of the Town's investments as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Investments	\$ 1,226,766
Add: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	7,404,106
	8,630,872
Statement of fiduciary net position:	_
Investments	6,079,105
Add: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	614,625
Less: investments considered cash deposits	
for disclosure purposes	(119,970)
	6,573,760
	\$ 15,204,632

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those already limited by Connecticut state statutes. Connecticut state statutes permit the Town to invest in: (1) obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; (2) in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; (3) in shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations; (4) or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service. Other provisions of the statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, the investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable pension plan.

The Town's investments in debt securities were rated as follows at June 30, 2014:

	Fair					
Investment type	Value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	Unrated
Debt Securities:	 			 	 	
Money market mutual funds	\$ 4,272,845	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,272,845
Short Term Investment Fund (STIF)	3,211,099	3,211,099	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	1,224,065	-	111,131	372,145	740,789	-
Cooperative Liquid Asset Security System (CLASS)	534,787	534,787	-	-	-	-
Preferred stocks	199,676	-	7,077	122,048	50,086	20,465
Municipal bonds	70,665	70,665	-	-	-	-

The Town's investments in obligations of the U.S. government do not require disclosure of credit quality since the obligations are guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2014. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Town's investments are in STIF, CLASS and certain mutual funds. However, these investments are not subject to concentration of credit risk disclosure as they are considered to be diversified investments by their nature.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,336,758	\$ 825,000	\$ -	\$ 6,161,758
Construction in progress	146,743	581,872	(4,240)	724,375
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,483,501	1,406,872	(4,240)	6,886,133
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	60,558,761	-	(172,240)	60,386,521
Machinery and equipment	5,617,983	1,432,998	-	7,050,981
Infrastructure	15,823,732	686,510	(4,333)	16,505,909
Total capital assets, being depreciated	82,000,476	2,119,508	(176,573)	83,943,411
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(23,134,878)	(1,156,797)	176,480	(24,115,195)
Machinery and equipment	(3,951,262)	(343,296)	-	(4,294,558)
Infrastructure	(7,781,515)	(331,657)	4,333	(8,108,839)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(34,867,655)	(1,831,750)	180,813	(36,518,592)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	47,132,821	287,758	4,240	47,424,819
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 52,616,322	\$ 1,694,630	\$ -	\$ 54,310,952

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 85,569
Public safety	271,780
Public works	394,621
Sanitation	166,854
Health and social services	10,038
Library	27,010
Culture and recreation	18,088
Education	857,790
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 1,831,750

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Governmental Funds		
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 185,098
General Fund	Pension Trust Funds	 1,949
		187,047
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Projects Fund	390,786
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	328,598
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 307,450
		636,048
		\$ 1,213,881

Except for the balances due to the General Fund from the Water Fund, the Sewer Maintenance Fund and the School Construction Fund as discussed below, the above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made.

The General Fund advanced funds to the Water Fund to fund water project bond principal and interest payments prior to assessment collections being received by the Water Fund. The General Fund advanced funds to the Sewer Fund to fund sewer project costs prior to assessment collections being received by the Sewer Fund. The General Fund advanced funds to the School Construction Fund to fund project costs prior to receipt of the final grant reimbursement due from the State of Connecticut. The Town intends to liquidate the amounts due to the General Fund from the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund through future water and sewer assessment collections and user fees. The Town intends to liquidate the amount due to the General Fund from the School Construction Fund through future grant reimbursements from the State of Connecticut upon completion of a final project audit. It is anticipated that the \$26,086, the \$26,100, and the \$132,912 due to the General Fund from the Water Fund, Sewer Fund and the School Construction Fund, respectively, will not be repaid within one year and, therefore, the balances due have been presented as advances to/from other funds in the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Mount	
Governmental Funds General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 240,000	
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	 50,000	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 341,746 3,500	
		345,246	
		\$ 635,246	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) account for unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Beginning	_	_	Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,500,000	\$ -	\$ (1,360,000)	\$11,140,000	\$ 1,045,000
Bond anticipation notes	-	2,795,000	(1,045,000)	1,750,000	1,750,000
Unamortized amounts:					
Premium on bonds issued	456,060		(58,919)	397,141	
Total bonds payable	12,956,060	2,795,000	(2,463,919)	13,287,141	2,795,000
Other liabilities:					
Capital leases	464,196	-	(79,865)	384,331	81,589
Compensated absences	1,229,202	22,145	(66,126)	1,185,221	306,574
Landfill post closure care liability	168,000	-	(14,000)	154,000	14,000
Net pension obligation	26,072	-	(26,072)	-	-
Net OPEB obligation	2,164,794	275,331		2,440,125	
	\$ 17,008,324	\$ 3,092,476	\$ (2,649,982)	\$17,450,818	\$ 3,197,163

Long-term liabilities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

SCHOOL BOND REIMBURSEMENTS

The State of Connecticut reimburses the Town for eligible school bond principal and interest costs. The amount of principal and interest reimbursement for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$25,326 and \$285, respectively. Final reimbursements of principal and interest in the amounts of \$137,490 and \$2,376, respectively, are expected to be received during the year ended June 30, 2015.

DEBT REFUNDING

The Town has advanced refunded general obligation bonds in prior years. The difference between the reacquisition price (the amount placed in escrow) and the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds resulted in deferred charges on refundings in the amount of \$735,165. This amount, net of accumulated amortization of \$107,341 has been presented as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements and is being amortized to interest expense using the effective-interest method over the life of the new bonds. Amortization of deferred charges on refundings totaled \$93,563 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds totaled \$6,940,000 as of June 30, 2014.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

STATUTORY DEBT LIMITATION

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2014.

BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

During August 2013, the Town issued \$1,045,000 in bond anticipation notes (the "2013 Notes"). The 2013 Notes bore an interest rate of 1.0% and matured in May 2014. The Town retired the 2013 Notes through the issuance of \$1,750,000 in bond anticipation notes (the "2014 Notes"). The 2014 Notes bore an interest rate of 1.0% and matured in November 2014. The purpose of the notes were to provide interim financing for improvements to the Town's educational facilities and roads, and the purchase of a fire tanker truck and ambulance, a senior shuttle bus and a fire truck. As more fully disclosed in Note 15, the Town retired the 2014 Notes through the issuance of general obligation bonds. Accordingly, the Town has recognized the proceeds from the 2014 Notes as an other financing source in the accompanying governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and has presented the 2014 Notes within long-term liabilities in the accompanying government-wide statement of net position.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

A summary of general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Purpose of Bonds	Year of Issue	Original Issue	O		Amount Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
General obligation refunding bonds	2005	5,700,000	3.77%	7/2020	\$ 2,835,000
General obligation bonds	2007	7,100,000	4.00% - 5.00%	8/2016	1,080,000
General obligation refunding bonds	2012	7,610,000	2.00% - 3.00%	8/2027	7,225,000 \$ 11,140,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds are as follows as of June 30, 2014:

	Governmental Activities							
Year ending	Bonds Payable							
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total					
2015	\$ 1,045,000	\$ 322,307	\$ 1,367,307					
2016	1,040,000	283,679	1,323,679					
2017	1,025,000	242,308	1,267,308					
2018	1,020,000	204,895	1,224,895					
2019	1,115,000	169,771	1,284,771					
2020 - 2024	4,230,000	409,509	4,639,509					
2025 - 2028	1,665,000	63,918	1,728,918					
	\$ 11,140,000	\$ 1,696,387	\$ 12,836,387					

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

CAPITAL LEASES

A summary of assets under capital lease as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Gove	Governmental			
	Activities				
Machinery and equipment	\$	648,764			
Less: accumulated amortization		126,338			
	\$	522,426			

Amortization expense relative to leased property under capital leases as of June 30, 2014 totaled \$43,579 for the year ended June 30, 2014 and is included in depreciation and amortization expense disclosed in Note 4.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Year ending	Governmental		
June 30:	Activities		
2015	\$	89,942	
2016		53,597	
2017		19,299	
2018		19,299	
2019		19,299	
Thereafter		246,065	
Total minimum lease payments		447,501	
Less: amount representing interest		63,170	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	384,331	

LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE CARE LIABILITY

The Town landfill has been closed. State and federal laws and regulations require landfill closures to meet certain standards. Monitoring costs for the next 11 years are estimated to be \$154,000. This amount is based on estimates, which are subject to change due to inflation, technology or applicable laws and regulations.

NOTE 8 - FUND BALANCE

Restricted, committed and assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2014 consists of the following:

Restricted		Committed		A	ssigned
\$	557,490	\$	-	\$	-
	-		780,737		-
	-		66,108		-
	-		384,010		-
	-		294,092		-
	-		708,795		-
	-		216,151		-
	-		-		51,947
	-		-		108,220
\$	557,490	\$ 2	,449,893	\$	160,167
		\$ 557,490 - - - - - - - -	\$ 557,490 \$	\$ 557,490 \$ - - 780,737 - 66,108 - 384,010 - 294,092 - 708,795 - 216,151 	\$ 557,490 \$ - \$ - 780,737 - 66,108 - 384,010 - 294,092 - 708,795 - 216,151

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description

The Town maintains two single employer, contributory, defined benefit pension plans: the Town Employees' Plan (the "Town Plan") and the Board of Education Employees' Plan ("Board of Education Plan") and a single employer, noncontributory, defined benefit pension plan: the Volunteer Firefighters Incentive Plan ("Volunteer Firefighters' Plan") (collectively the "Plans"). Collectively, the Plans cover substantially all full time employees except professional personnel at the Board of Education who are covered by the Teachers' Retirement System. The Plans do not issue stand-alone financial statements and are part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, the Plans are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as Pension Trust Funds.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town has not yet implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. GASB Statement No. 68 will require the Town to record the net pension liability of its defined benefit pension plan in its government-wide financial statements. The net pension liability has been disclosed below in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 67. The Town continues to apply the provisions of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, which requires employers to recognize a net pension asset or obligation in its government-wide financial statements based on the cumulative difference between the annual pension cost and the amounts contributed to the plan.

The Plans are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plans are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of the Town, with the assistance of a valuation service. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date.

Investment policy - The Town policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Selectman for the Town Plan and Volunteer Firefighters' Plan and by the Board of Education for the Board of Education Plan. The Town pursues an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes, discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Concentrations - The Plans' were not subject to concentration risk as of June 30, 2014 as none of the amounts invested with one issuer represented more than 5.0% of the total assets for each Plan. The Plans' investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Town Plan's, the Board of Education Plan's and the Volunteer Firefighters' Plan's pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 16.8%, 13.8% and 28.5%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Administrative costs - Administrative costs of the Plans are funded through investment earnings of the Plans.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plans consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuations:

		Board of	
	Town	Education	Firefighters'
	Plan	Plan	Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4	26	10
Vested terminated employees	5	6	30
Active employees	28_	29	35
	37	61	75

Benefit Provisions

Town Plan

All Town employees who are not governed by a collective bargaining agreement, under which retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining, are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefits vest after 7 years of service with partial vesting beginning after 3 years of service. Normal retirement date is the participant's 65th birthday or the 5th anniversary of joining the plan, if later.

Pension benefits for normal retirement under the plan are based on the average monthly compensation during the five consecutive years of service, at which the participants' earnings were at their highest level. The participant's monthly benefit shall be equal to 1.67% of the average monthly compensation multiplied by the total number of years of employment with the Town (limited to 25 years). The plan permits early retirement for participants at age 55 with 10 years of service. Benefits for early retirement shall be equal to the present value of the participants' accrued benefit. Prior to September 1, 2011, non-union participants contributed 1% and union participants contributed 2% of their annual earnings. Effective September 1, 2011, participants are required to make a picked-up contribution to the plan, which the Town has agreed to make on the participant's behalf. The amount of the picked-up contribution to the plan is 2% for certain union participants and 4% for all other employees through June 30, 2015 and 5% effective July 1, 2015.

Board of Education Plan

All secretaries, aides, maintenance and custodial workers and nurses employed by the Board of Education are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefits vest after 10 years of credited service. Normal retirement date is the participants' 65th birthday or the 5th anniversary of joining the plan, if later.

Pension benefits for normal retirement under the plan are based on the average monthly compensation during the five consecutive years of service, at which the participants' earnings were at their highest level. The participant's monthly benefit shall be equal to 1.67% of the average monthly compensation multiplied by the total number of years of employment with the Town (limited to 20 years). Participants contribute 3.5% of their annual earnings.

Volunteer Firefighters' Plan

Each active volunteer firefighter must have completed one active year of service in order to become a participant in the plan. A participant will be eligible for some accrued benefits at age 65 provided he has accrued at least five years of credited service. The retirement benefit formula is \$5 per month per year of credited service.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Other Plan Provisions

The Town Plan does not provide disability benefits. If an employee becomes disabled and must cease employment, he will be entitled to the same benefits as a participant who has terminated employment. In the event of death, a beneficiary shall receive benefits payable upon death, which are subject to certain limitations imposed by law. Death benefits will be equal to the present value of the accrued benefits.

The Board of Education Plan provides a disability retirement benefit, which is equal to the present value of the employee's vested accrued benefit at the disability retirement date.

The Volunteer Firefighters Plan does not provide disability benefits.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Board of Selectmen. The Town's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at rates that, when expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The contribution rates for normal costs for all Plans were determined using the Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, employer contributions to the Town Plan represented approximately 14.2 % of covered payroll.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, employer contributions to the Board of Education Plan represented approximately 16.4% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The components of the Town's net pension liability (asset) for each of its Plans as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Board of				
	Town	Education	Firefighters'		
	Plan Plan		Plan		
Total pension liability	\$ 2,785,628	\$ 4,867,471	\$ 292,046		
Plan fiduciary net position	(2,671,558)	(3,822,553)	(323,492)		
Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 114,070	\$ 1,044,918	\$ (31,446)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of the total pension liability	95.9%	78.5%	110.8%		

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Town	Education	Firefighters'
	Plan	Plan	Plan
Inflation	2.7%	2.0%	2.7%
Salary increases (average, including inflation)	4.0%	4.0%	Not applicable
Investment rate of return (net of investment expense)	6.5%	6.0%	6.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Unisex Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments to the valuation year for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of returns on pension plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Equity	5.8% - 8.7%
Fixed income	0.9% - 5.1%
Cash	0.0%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Town Plan, Board of Education Plan and the Volunteer Firefighters' Plan was 6.5%, 6.0% and 6.5%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that the Town's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the each of the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rates of return on each Plan's investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine each Plan's total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be for each of the Plans if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Town Plan - Net pension liability (asset)
Board of Education Plan - Net pension liability
Firefighters' Plan - Net pension liability (asset)

Discount Rates						
-1.0%	Current		+1.0%			
\$ 423,921	\$ 114,070	\$	(150,914)			
1,541,690	1,044,710		615,199			
12,533	(31,446)		(66,942)			

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation (Asset)

The following presents the Town's net pension obligation (asset) as of June 30, 2014 and the related change in the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2014 for each of the Plans:

	Board of					
	Town			Education		efighters'
		Plan	Plan		Plan	
Annual required contribution	\$	186,330	\$	256,031	\$	11,577
Interest on net pension (asset) obligation		(8,531)		(175)		1,651
Adjustment to annual required contribution	8,531		(2,318)			(25,230)
Annual pension cost		186,330		253,538		(12,002)
Contributions made		186,330		256,031		11,577
Increase (decrease) in net pension (asset) obligation		-		(2,493)		(23,579)
Net pension (asset) obligation, beginning of year		(121,866)		2,493		23,579
Net pension (asset) obligation, end of year	\$	(121,866)	\$	-	\$	

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The faculty and professional personnel of the Board of Education participate in a contributory defined benefit plan, established under Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes, which is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board.

Certain part-time and all full-time certified teachers are eligible to participate in the plan and are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual earnings to the plan. The Town does not and is not legally responsible to contribute to the plan. After five years of service, teachers are fully vested in their own contributions. After ten years of service, teachers are fully vested in the monthly pension benefit which is payable at the age of sixty. The State of Connecticut contributes based on actuarially determined amounts. The funding level was determined based on an actuarial valuation of the plan as a whole, which does not provide actuarial information on an individual town basis. For the year ended June 30, 2014, Town teachers contributed \$750,697 to the plan and covered payroll for the year was \$10,354,441.

The Town has reported "on-behalf" payments of \$2,566,866 made by the State of Connecticut into the plan as intergovernmental revenues and related expenditures of the General Fund in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Town and Board of Education Plan Description

The Town of Somers provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town and Board of Education group healthcare and life insurance plans, which cover both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town, Board of Education, and the union representing the employees and are renegotiated each three-year bargaining period. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town, including the Board of Education, are established by and may be amended through negotiations between the Town, Board of Education, and the union. Currently, plan members are required to contribute 100% of their healthcare premiums to the Town, less any reimbursements received by the Town from the State Retirement Board. The Town contributes 100% of the cost of current-year life insurance premiums for eligible retired plan members. The Town finances the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), which is an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The Town's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation are primarily attributed to an implicit rate subsidy, whereby retirees are considered to be receiving a benefit from the Town for access to insurance rates offered to the Town's active employees.

The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 473,565
Interest on net OPEB obligation	58,796
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (88,230)
Annual OPEB cost	444,131
Contributions made	 168,800
Increase in net pension obligation	275,331
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	 2,164,794
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 2,440,125

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2014, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

		Percentage of					
7	Year Ended		Annual	Annual OPEB	N	let OPEB	
	June 30:	OI	PEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation		
	2014	\$	444,131	38.0%	\$	2,440,125	
	2013		423,051	30.8%		2,164,794	
	2012		418,569	31.0%		1,872,013	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2012 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

	Ac	ctuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	A	ccrued	Unfunded			Percentage of
Value of	Liabi	lity (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Assets	Projecte	d Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payrol1	Payrol1
(A)	Cost 1	Method (B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C)
		_				
\$ -	\$	6,604,341	\$ 6,604,341	0.0%	\$ 12,480,000	52.9%

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future, including assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the Town are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Valuation date: July 1, 2012

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method:

Remaining amortization period:

Asset valuation method:

Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate 2.0%
Discount Rate 3.5%
Healthcare cost trend rate 9% initial 5% final

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the Town and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God for which the Town carries commercial insurance. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claims, which exceeded the Town's insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in any insurance coverage from amounts in the prior year.

The Town provides dental coverage to employees of the Board of Education through a self-insured plan. The Town retains the risk of loss under the plan. Claims are processed by a third party administrator. The Town establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported at June 30, 2014. Claims liabilities are recorded if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of possible loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount of the claims accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claims, which include past experience data, inflation and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claims accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

There are several lawsuits pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability to the Town, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. The Town's management, based upon consultation with legal counsel, estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the Town.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

NOTE 13 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town offers all employees who are eligible for benefits a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Town is not required to make contributions to this plan. In addition, the Town offers its full-time firefighters a separate deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under terms of the plan, the Town is required to contribute 6.0% of a participant's base wages in addition to accumulated sick time earned up to five days. Amounts contributed by the Town into this plan totaled \$15,906 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. In addition, it is the opinion of the Town's legal counsel that the Town has no liability for losses under the plans. Therefore, the accounts of the deferred compensation plans are not reported in the basic financial statements of the Town.

NOTE 14 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB 68 will require governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. GASB 68 will also enhance accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information. The provisions in GASB 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Management is currently evaluating the effect implementation of this standard will have on its financial statements.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

During November 2014, the Town issued \$5,320,000 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of permanently financing improvements to the Town's educational facilities (\$1,053,000) and roads (\$2,605,000) and the purchases of a fire tanker truck and ambulance (\$565,000), senior shuttle bus (\$52,000) and a fire truck (\$1,045,000). The proceeds from the bonds were partially used to retire bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$1,750,000 that matured on November 5, 2014. Annual principal payments on the bonds commence November 1, 2015 and interest is payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% through November 1, 2034, the maturity date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION (Unaudited)

	Town Plan 2014	Board of Education Plan 2014	Volunteer Firefighters' Plan 2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 186,330	\$ 256,031	\$ 11,577	
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution	186,330	256,031	11,577	
Excess (deficiency) of contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll	\$ 1,315,154	\$ 1,558,932	Not applicable	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.2%	16.4%	Not applicable	
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	16.8%	13.8%	28.5%	
Notes to Schedule:				
Valuation Dates	7/1/2013	7/1/2013	7/1/2013	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:				
	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	
Actuarial cost method	Method	Method	Method	
Amortization method	Closed	Closed	Closed	
Remaining amortization period	12 yrs	20 yrs	12 yrs	
Asset valuation method	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	
Investment rate of return	6.5%	6.0%	6.5%	
Salary increases	4.0%	4.0%	Not applicable	
Retirement age	65	65	65	

The Town began to report the schedule of contributions and investment returns when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION (Unaudited)

	Town Plan 2014	Board of Education Plan 2014	Volunteer Firefighters' Plan 2014	
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 162,	595 \$ 183,963	\$ 6,092	
Interest	171,	,627 284,622	18,377	
Changes in assumptions		- (165,334)	-	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(52,	(179,476)	(17,836)	
Net change in total pension liability	282,	218 123,775	6,633	
Total pension liability - beginning	2,503,	4,743,696	285,413	
Total pension liability - ending	2,785,	4,867,471	292,046	
Plan net position				
Contributions - employer	186,	330 256,031	11,577	
Contributions - members		388 56,031	-	
Net investment income	377,		72,286	
Benefit payments, including refunds		,004) (179,476)		
Administrative expenses	(,	- (12,516)	, , ,	
Net change in plan net position	591,		66,027	
Plan net position - beginning	2,080,		257,465	
Plan net position - ending	2,671,		323,492	
Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 114,	070 \$ 1,044,918	\$ (31,446)	
Plan net pension as percentage of total pension liability	95.9%	78.5%	110.8%	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,315,	154 \$ 1,558,932	Not applicable	
Town net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	8.7%	67.0%	Not applicable	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: None noted Assumption Changes: None noted

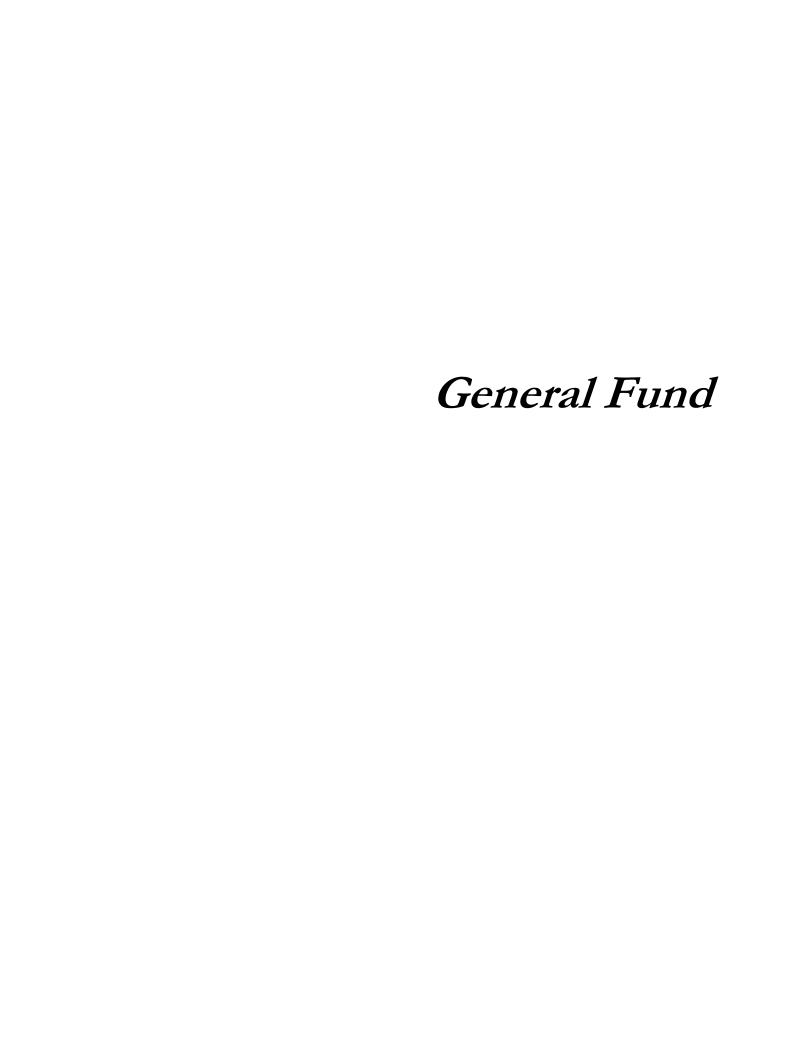
The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS -OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN (Unaudited)

		Act	tuarial							UAAL as a
	Actuarial Value of	Accrued Liability (AAL) -		τ	Unfunded AAL					Percentage of Covered
Actuarial							Funded		Covered	
Valuation	tion Assets Projected		d Unit Credit		(UAAL)		Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)		(B)		(B-A)	(A/B)		(C)		((B-A)/C)
Town and Board	d of Education C	PEB Plan								
July 1, 2012	\$ -	\$	6,604,341	\$	6,604,341	\$	-	\$	12,480,000	52.9%
July 1, 2010	-		5,795,161		5,795,161		-		11,290,000	51.3%
July 1, 2008	-		9,324,241		9,324,241		-		12,766,882	73.0%

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Governmental Funds



TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted	1 Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PROPERTY TAXES Revenues from property taxes	\$ 19,369,528	\$ 19,369,528	\$ 19,308,084	\$ (61,444)
Interest and lien fees	45,752	45,752	92,405	46,653
Total property taxes	19,415,280	19,415,280	19,400,489	(14,791)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL				
Education and transportation grants	6,012,601	6,012,601	6,093,073	80,472
Pequot Indian grant	1,266,464	1,266,464	1,559,239	292,775
Payment in lieu of tax, state property	1,202,118	1,202,118	1,379,316	177,198
Town aid road program	270,368	270,368	270,096	(272)
Emergency relief funding	-	-	137,850	137,850
Property tax relief grants	81,260	81,260	72,790	(8,470)
Municipal project grant	-	-	65,651	65,651
Police grants	30,000	30,000	33,759	3,759
School building grants	5,000	5,000	25,611	20,611
Miscellaneous grants	19,200	19,200	23,909	4,709
Telephone tax	18,000	18,000	13,633	(4,367)
Local capital improvement grants	211,274	211,274		(211,274)
Total intergovernmental	9,116,285	9,116,285	9,674,927	558,642
CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Building permit fees	125,000	125,000	118,261	(6,739)
Bulky waste fees	100,000	100,000	95,894	(4,106)
Cell tower rentals	70,000	70,000	73,651	3,651
Conveyance taxes	50,000	50,000	73,100	23,100
Town clerk fees	51,000	51,000	65,570	14,570
Transfer station permit fees	55,000	55,000	51,864	(3,136)
Recreation fees	35,000	35,000	41,520	6,520
Police service fees	10,000	10,000	34,439	24,439
Tuition	25,000	25,000	26,975	1,975
Summer camp fees	35,000	35,000	26,728	(8,272)
Other recycling	16,000	16,000	25,828	9,828
Property sales	2,000	2,000	22,926	20,926
Other revenue	10,000	10,000	28,207	18,207
Sanitarian fees	17,575	17,575	18,276	701
Brush and wood fees	14,650	14,650	7,856	(6,794)
Fire marshal fees	3,540	3,540	6,020	2,480
Zoning Commission fees	500	500	5,465	4,965
Metal recycling	15,070	15,070	4,664	(10,406)
Pistol permit fees	3,500	3,500	3,430	(70)
Camp program fees	5,000	5,000	3,342	(1,658)
Property rentals	2,000	2,000	3,250	1,250
Mini bus donations	2,000	2,000	3,100	1,100
Planning Commission fees	-	-	3,025	3,025
Generator rebate	-	-	2,782	2,782

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND *(Continued)*FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES (Continued)				
Fire watch service fees	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 2,360	\$ 2,110
Other licenses and permit fees	2,000	2,000	911	(1,089)
Conservation Commission fees	1,000	1,000	625	(375)
Zoning Board of Appeals fees	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Zoning permit fees	4,500	4,500	(45)	(4,545)
Total charges for services	656,585	656,585	750,024	93,439
INVESTMENT EARNINGS	15,000	15,000	11,042	(3,958)
Total revenues	29,203,150	29,203,150	29,836,482	633,332
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Prior year unliquidated encumbrances	-	-	158,080	158,080
Operating transfer in from the Ambulance Fund	190,000	190,000	190,000	-
Operating transfer in from the Cemetery Fund	-	-	50,000	50,000
Total other financing sources	190,000	190,000	398,080	208,080
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 29,393,150	\$ 29,393,150	\$ 30,234,562	\$ 841,412

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Board of Assessment Appeals	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 94	\$ (6)
Board of Finance	45,750	49,900	49,288	(612)
Assessor	93,486	94,642	94,463	(179)
Finance	172,478	200,242	200,090	(152)
Selectmen	505,012	369,522	356,236	(13,286)
Building Department	76,335	76,335	74,977	(1,358)
Conservation Election	16,204	16,240	15,780	(460)
Employee Benefits	21,050	21,050	19,409 952,862	(1,641)
Information Technology	952,313 96,258	952,862 96,676	92,354	(4,322)
Land Use	110,757	110,613	110,276	(337)
Planning	1,700	2,095	1,885	(210)
Probate Court	7,000	7,000	6,901	(99)
Tax Collector	82,654	95,693	95,692	(1)
Town Clerk	100,729	100,291	97,515	(2,776)
Zoning Board of Appeals	1,825	2,243	2,243	(2,770)
Zoning	2,750	1,901	1,569	(332)
Total general government	2,286,401	2,197,405	2,171,634	(25,771)
PUBLIC SAFETY	2,200,401	2,177,403	2,171,004	(23,771)
Fire Marshall	51,057	51,057	46,570	(4,487)
Fire Protection	583,326	617,325	610,748	(6,577)
Police Protection	715,753	715,753	714,474	(1,279)
Civil Preparedness	10,793	11,403	11,403	(1,277)
Total public safety	1,360,929	1,395,538	1,383,195	(12,343)
PUBLIC WORKS				<u> </u>
	452.002	404.626	402.651	(1.005)
Town Facilities	452,893	494,636	492,651	(1,985)
Highway Department	725,184	742,159	717,219	(24,940)
Public Works	695,392	698,092	697,846	(246)
Park and Recreation Maintenance	40,800	32,647	32,372	(275)
Total public works	1,914,269	1,967,534	1,940,088	(27,446)
SANITATION				
Water Pollution Control Authority	74,041	74,041	73,864	(177)
Transfer Station	411,380	416,869	415,196	(1,673)
Total sanitation	485,421	490,910	489,060	(1,850)
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES				
Elderly Services	3,601	3,601	3,601	
•				(2.200)
Ambulance	74,280	69,495	66,115	(3,380)
Total health and social services	77,881	73,096	69,716	(3,380)
LIBRARY	434,021	435,097	430,664	(4,433)
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Recreation Commission	34,538	25,663	25,662	(1)
Senior Services	62,554	75,756	75,285	(471)
Senior and Disabled Transportation	52,141	54,657	54,630	(27)
Community Services	12,674	12,818	11,932	(886)
Self-support Programs	75,000	87,355	87,355	-
Total culture and recreation	236,907	256,249	254,864	(1,385)
MISCELLANEOUS	40,000	20,000	76,355	56,355
	.			

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND *(Continued)*FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
EDUCATION	*		*	* (* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Administrative salaries	\$ 1,237,728	\$ 1,237,728	\$ 1,234,359	\$ (3,369)
Forms and printing	11,500	11,500	7,082	(4,418)
Postage	11,195	11,195	10,821	(374)
Board of education	93,600	191,600	144,975	(46,625)
Instructional dues	21,285	21,285	21,078	(207)
Instructional salaries	9,243,133	9,148,133	9,196,871	48,738
Other instructional salaries	422,911	401,911	395,295	(6,616)
Clerical/aides salaries	1,310,143	1,310,143	1,324,764	14,621
Textbooks	86,400	86,400	81,247	(5,153)
Library books and supplies	13,750	13,750	9,661	(4,089)
Audio visual materials	10,400	10,400	5,574	(4,826)
Systemwide general supplies	44,800	44,800	44,777	(23)
Departmental supplies	112,910	112,910	92,897	(20,013)
Workbooks and texts	34,940	34,940	30,847	(4,093)
Travel and conferences in-service	31,350	31,350	27,460	(3,890)
Office supplies	9,225	9,225	6,168	(3,057)
Medical Advisor salary	500	500	500	-
Nurses' salaries	137,249	137,249	150,621	13,372
Health supplies	7,000	7,000	4,265	(2,735)
Regular transportation	650,000	668,000	665,893	(2,107)
Special education transportation	274,480	274,480	267,652	(6,828)
Athletic/field trip transportation	25,480	25,480	30,349	4,869
Maintenance salaries	669,765	659,765	659,814	49
Fuel	219,200	229,200	241,178	11,978
Electricity	347,977	347,977	354,668	6,691
Telephone	22,400	22,400	26,468	4,068
Propane gas	11,000	11,000	6,392	(4,608)
Custodial supplies	45,000	31,000	33,825	2,825
General maintenance	341,571	429,571	432,670	3,099
Equipment replacement	2,800	2,800	2,277	(523)
Insurance/social security	3,572,631	3,572,631	3,562,428	(10,203)
Equipment rental	52,440	52,440	45,983	(6,457)
Coaches	150,903	150,903	144,908	(5,995)
Activity advisors	29,828	29,828	30,978	1,150
Athletic equipment and supplies	72,716	72,716	57,596	(15,120)
Capital outlay and equipment	196,570	196,570	168,414	(28,156)
Tuition - non special education	119,000	45,000	81,766	36,766
Tuition - vocational education	8,000	8,000	7,200	(800)
Tuition - special education	693,200	693,200	734,280	41,080
Adult education	12,900	12,900	12,668	(232)
Total education	20,357,880	20,357,880	20,356,670	(1,210)
DEBT SERVICE	1,765,693	1,765,693	1,765,693	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,959,402	28,959,402	28,937,939	(21,463)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Operating transfers out:	244 540	044.540	044.54	(2)
Capital Equipment Fund	341,748	341,748	341,746	(2)
Capital Project Fund	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Revaluation Fund	42,000	42, 000	42,000	-
Total other financing uses	433,748	433,748	433,746	(2)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 29,393,150	\$ 29,393,150	\$ 29,371,685	\$ (21,465)

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Grand	Ва	alance						Tr	ansfers	Balance			Collec	tions	3		В	alance
List	Unc	ollected	Current		Lawful C	Correct	tions		to	То Ве					Lien		Un	collected
Year	July	7 1, 2013	 Levy	Ad	lditions	Dec	luctions	Su	spense	 Collected	 Taxes	I1	nterest		Fees	Total	Jun	e 30, 2014
2012	\$	-	\$ 19,349,621	\$	16,964	\$	77,947	\$	-	\$ 19,288,638	\$ 19,038,264	\$	52,603	\$	1,590	\$ 19,092,457	\$	250,374
2011		221,815	-		106		12,723		(402)	208,796	127,357		24,057		1,783	153,197		81,439
2010		82,813	-		27		1,152		(8,841)	72,847	31,404		8,617		385	40,406		41,443
2009		20,765	-		-		187		(20)	20,558	5,593		1,092		51	6,736		14,965
2008		10,062	-		-		41		(5)	10,016	363		281		-	644		9,653
2007		11,362	-		-		132		(11)	11,219	908		509		-	1,417		10,311
2006		14,185	-		-		11		-	14,174	931		562		_	1,493		13,243
2005		11,721	-		-		93		_	11,628	499		229		_	728		11,129
2004		13,035	-		-		93		(68)	12,874	1,608		378		-	1,986		11,266
2003		14,917	-		_		_		(101)	14,816	3,886		178		-	4,064		10,930
2002		916	-		-		-		-	916	916		-		-	916		-
2001		246	-		_		_		_	246	246		-		-	246		-
2000		_	-		_		_		_	_	-		-		-	-		_
1999		312	_		_		_		_	312	68		_		_	68		244
1998 and prior		354	_		-		-		_	354	108		_		-	108		246
	\$	402,503	\$ 19,349,621	\$	17,097	\$	92,379	\$	(9,448)	\$ 19,667,394	\$ 19,212,151	\$	88,506	\$	3,809	\$ 19,304,466	\$	455,243

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Total cash collections for the year ended June 30, 2014:										
Taxes	\$	19,212,151								
Interest and lien fees		92,315								
		19,304,466								
Reimbursement for revenue loss:										
Tax relief (CGS 12-129d)		72,425								
Base	\$	19,376,891								
		General						Urban		Pension
		Purposes		Schools		Sewers		Renewal		Deficit
Debt limitation:		-							-	
2-1/4 times base	\$	43,598,005	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4-1/2 times base		-		87,196,010		-		-		-
3-3/4 times base		-		-		72,663,341		-		-
3-1/4 times base		-		-		-		62,974,896		-
3 times base						-		-		58,130,673
Total debt limitation		43,598,005		87,196,010		72,663,341		62,974,896		58,130,673
Indebtedness:										
Bonds payable		5,528,528		5,611,472		-		-		-
Bond anticipation note payable		1,489,000		261,000		-		-		-
Authorized, but unissued		2,779,000		792,000		-		-		-
Less: school building grants to be provided by State		-		(137,490)		-		-		-
Total indebtedness		9,796,528		6,526,982		-		-		-
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding										
and authorized debt	Φ	33,801,477	\$	80,669,028	\$	72,663,341	\$	62,974,896	\$	58,130,673
and aumorized dept	Ψ	55,001,477	φ	00,009,020	9	14,000,041	Ψ	04,774,090	φ	30,130,073
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	\$	135,638,237								
Total present indebtedness		16,323,510								
Margin for additional borrowing	\$	119,314,727								

Combining Statements

PERMANENT FUND

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Town's programs, that is, for the benefit of the Town or its citizenry. The nonmajor permanent fund is the following:

Library Trust Fund - To account for the activity related to a restricted endowment the income from which may be expended for the Town's library operations.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE ${\tt JUNE~30,~2014}$

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Fun	ermanent d - Library rust Fund	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	_					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,324,419	\$ 166,028	\$	79,720	\$ 1,570,167
Investments		673,996	-		552,770	1,226,766
Receivables:						
Assessments and user charges		110,940	-		-	110,940
Grants and contracts		13,417	-		-	13,417
Other		48,667	-		-	48,667
Due from other funds		102,192	924,642			1,026,834
Total assets	\$	2,273,631	\$ 1,090,670	\$	632,490	\$ 3,996,791
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	95,710	\$ 67,826	\$	-	\$ 163,536
Accrued liabilities		4,449	-		-	4,449
Due to other funds		307,450	-		-	307,450
Unearned revenue		51,229	-		-	51,229
Advances from other fund		52,186	132,912		-	185,098
Total liabilities		511,024	 200,738		-	711,762
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues		159,559	 -		-	 159,559
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-	-		75,000	75,000
Restricted for:						
Capital purposes		-	390,035		-	390,035
Other purposes		-	-		557,490	557,490
Committed for:						
Capital purposes		-	632,809		-	632,809
Other purposes		1,603,048	-		-	1,603,048
Unassigned		-	(132,912)		-	(132,912)
Total fund balances		1,603,048	889,932		632,490	3,125,470
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_					
resources and fund balances	\$	2,273,631	\$ 1,090,670	\$	632,490	\$ 3,996,791

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	 Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Fund	rmanent l - Library ıst Fund	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 551,196	\$ 450,000	\$	-	\$ 1,001,196
Charges for services	812,078	7,714		-	819,792
Investment income	85,694	561		86,500	172,755
Miscellaneous	 25,107	 		-	 25,107
Total revenues	 1,474,075	 458,275		86,500	 2,018,850
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety	89,432	-		-	89,432
Public works	1,400	_		-	1,400
Sanitation	97,219	-		-	97,219
Health and social services	94,177	-		-	94,177
Library	27,468	_		2,800	30,268
Culture and recreation	12,065	_		-	12,065
Education	902,327	-		-	902,327
Debt service:					
Principal payments	-	79,865		-	79,865
Interest and fiscal charges	-	10,077		-	10,077
Capital outlays	-	2,220,411		-	2,220,411
Total expenditures	1,224,088	2,310,353		2,800	3,537,241
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	249,987	(1,852,078)		83,700	(1,518,391)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from bond anticipation notes	-	1,484,000		-	1,484,000
Transfers in	3,500	341,746		-	345,246
Transfers out	(240,000)	-		(3,500)	(243,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(236,500)	1,825,746		(3,500)	1,585,746
Net change in fund balances	13,487	(26,332)		80,200	67,355
Fund balances - beginning	 1,589,561	 916,264		552,290	3,058,115
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,603,048	\$ 889,932	\$	632,490	\$ 3,125,470

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed by the Town for specified purposes. Nonmajor special revenue funds include the following:

Road Maintenance Fund - To account for grant revenue that is restricted for road improvements.

Educational Grants Fund - To account for grant revenue that is restricted for educational expenditures.

School Lunch Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund the operations of the school lunch program.

Emergency Fund - To account for donations and contributions made for individuals in immediate need of financial assistance.

Dog Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund the operations of the animal control department.

Meals on Wheels Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund expenditures related to the delivery of meals to eligible elderly citizens in the Town.

Economic Development Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund expenditures of the Economic Development Committee.

Water Fund - To account for operations of the Town's water system.

Ambulance Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund the operations of the Town's ambulance services.

Cultural Commission Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund expenditures of cultural events.

Cemetery Working Fund - To account for revenues that have been committed by the Town to fund the operations of all Town cemeteries.

Library Fund - To account for donations and contributions to be used for the purchase of books and other library materials.

Historic & Land Preservation Fund - To account for grant revenue that is restricted for the maintenance and restoration of historic documents held by the Town Clerk.

Sewer Fund - To account for operations of the Town's sewer system.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Mai	Road intenance Fund		ucational Grants Fund]	School Lunch Fund	nergency Fund	Dog Fund	on	Meals Wheels Fund	Dev	conomic elopment Fund	 Water Fund
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,028	\$	107,422	\$	74,671	\$ 13,095	\$ -	\$	21,439	\$	12,459	\$ 6,137
Investments		-		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Receivables:													
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-	=	-		-		=	67,600
Grants and contracts		-		3,666		1,976	-	-		-		-	7,775
Other		-		-		-	-	-		-		-	48
Due from other funds		-					 25	 9,710					 21,859
Total assets	\$	92,028	\$	111,088	\$	76,647	\$ 13,120	\$ 9,710	\$	21,439	\$	12,459	\$ 103,419
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	58,220	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 7,649	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued liabilities		- 04.040		1,639		2,810	-	=		-		=	-
Due to other funds		91,848		- 54.000		-	-	-		6,076		-	-
Unearned revenue Advances from other fund		-		51,229		-	-	-		-		-	26.006
Total liabilities		- 01.040		111 000		2,810	 	 7,649		- 076			 26,086
I Otal habilities		91,848	_	111,088		2,810	 	 7,049		6,076			 26,086
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenues							 	 		-			 67,600
FUND BALANCES													
Committed for other purposes		180				73,837	 13,120	 2,061		15,363		12,459	9,733
Total fund balances		180				73,837	13,120	 2,061		15,363		12,459	9,733
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	92,028	\$	111,088	\$	76,647	\$ 13,120	\$ 9,710	\$	21,439	\$	12,459	\$ 103,419

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

JUNE 30, 2014

	Aı	nbulance Fund	Cor	fultural nmission Fund	Cemetery Working Fund	Library Fund	Pre	ric & Land servation Fund	i 	Sewer Fund	al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	299,808	\$	10,713	\$ 174,284	\$ 3,816	\$	18,152	\$	490,395	\$ 1,324,419
Investments		=		-	673,996	-		-		-	673,996
Receivables:											
Assessments and user charges		-		-	-	-		-		43,340	110,940
Grants and contracts		-		-	-	-		-		-	13,417
Other		48,619		-	-	-		-		-	48,667
Due from other funds		-		-	-	-		70,598		-	 102,192
Total assets	\$	348,427	\$	10,713	\$ 848,280	\$ 3,816	\$	88,750	\$	533,735	\$ 2,273,631
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	5,672	\$	-	\$ 8,855	\$ -	\$	13,881	\$	1,433	\$ 95,710
Accrued liabilities		-		-	-	-		-		-	4,449
Due to other funds		44		-	130,630	-		-		78,852	307,450
Unearned revenue		-		-	-	-		-		-	51,229
Advances from other fund		-		-	-	-		-		26,100	52,186
Total liabilities		5,716		-	139,485	 -		13,881		106,385	511,024
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenues		48,619		-	 	 		-		43,340	 159,559
FUND BALANCES											
Committed for other purposes		294,092		10,713	708,795	3,816		74,869		384,010	1,603,048
Total fund balances		294,092		10,713	708,795	 3,816		74,869		384,010	 1,603,048
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	· ·
resources and fund balances	\$	348,427	\$	10,713	\$ 848,280	\$ 3,816	\$	88,750	\$	533,735	\$ 2,273,631

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Mai	Road ntenance Fund	ucational Grants Fund	School Lunch Fund	ergency Fund	Dog Fund	on	Meals Wheels Fund	Deve	onomic elopment Fund	Water Fund
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 529,266	\$ 10,024	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,775
Charges for services		=	=	368,158	8,006	12,574		15,662		-	5,200
Investment income		127	-	153	6	-		-		6	48
Miscellaneous		-	 	 -	 -	 -				<u>-</u>	
Total revenues		127	 529,266	 378,335	 8,012	 12,574		15,662		6	 13,023
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public safety		-	-	-	13,998	8,529		-		-	-
Public works		1,400	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Sanitation		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	7,775
Health and social services		-	-	-	-	-		14,959		-	-
Library		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Education		-	529,266	373,061		 		-			
Total expenditures		1,400	529,266	373,061	13,998	8,529		14,959		-	7,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures		(1,273)	-	5,274	(5,986)	4,045		703		6	5,248
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Transfers out		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Net change in fund balances		(1,273)	-	5,274	(5,986)	4,045		703		6	5,248
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning		1,453	 -	 68,563	 19,106	 (1,984)		14,660		12,453	 4,485
Fund balances - ending	\$	180	\$ 	\$ 73,837	\$ 13,120	\$ 2,061	\$	15,363	\$	12,459	\$ 9,733

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	bulance Fund	Con	ultural nmission Fund	emetery Vorking Fund	ibrary Fund	Pre	ric & Land servation Fund	Sewer Fund	al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,131	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 551,196
Charges for services	240,953		8,035	39,520	9,411		6,322	98,237	812,078
Investment income	276		4	84,681	-		26	367	85,694
Miscellaneous	 -			 17,165	 7,942			 	 25,107
Total revenues	 241,229		8,039	141,366	 21,484		6,348	 98,604	 1,474,075
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	66,905		-	-	-		-	-	89,432
Public works	-		-	-	-		-	-	1,400
Sanitation	-		-	-	-		-	89,444	97,219
Health and social services	-		-	79,218	-		-	-	94,177
Library	-		-	-	27,468		-	-	27,468
Culture and recreation	-		8,829	-	-		3,236	-	12,065
Education	 		-		 		-	-	 902,327
Total expenditures	66,905		8,829	79,218	27,468		3,236	89,444	1,224,088
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	174,324		(790)	62,148	(5,984)		3,112	9,160	249,987
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	-		-	-	3,500		-	-	3,500
Transfers out	 (190,000)		-	(50,000)	 		-	-	 (240,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (190,000)			(50,000)	3,500				(236,500)
Net change in fund balances	(15,676)		(790)	12,148	(2,484)		3,112	9,160	13,487
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	309,768		11,503	696,647	6,300		71,757	374,850	1,589,561
Fund balances - ending	\$ 294,092	\$	10,713	\$ 708,795	\$ 3,816	\$	74,869	\$ 384,010	\$ 1,603,048

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure projects, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Nonmajor capital projects funds consist of the following:

Capital Equipment Fund - To account for the acquisition of capital equipment.

School Construction Fund - To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the construction of the Town's educational facilities.

Municipal Open Space Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the purchase and preservation of open space land in the Town.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	Capital quipment Fund	School nstruction Fund	Op	unicipal en Space Fund	al Nonmajor vital Projects Funds
ASSETS		 			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 110,120	\$ -	\$	55,908	\$ 166,028
Due from other funds	924,642	-		-	924,642
Total assets	\$ 1,034,762	\$ -	\$	55,908	\$ 1,090,670
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 67,826	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 67,826
Advances from other fund	-	132,912		-	132,912
Total liabilities	67,826	132,912		-	 200,738
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for capital purposes	390,035	_		_	390,035
Committed for capital purposes	576,901	_		55,908	632,809
Unassigned	-	(132,912)		-	(132,912)
Total fund balances (deficit)	966,936	 (132,912)		55,908	 889,932
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,034,762	\$ -	\$	55,908	\$ 1,090,670

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Equ	ipital iipment Fund	School nstruction Fund	unicipal pen Space Fund		al Nonmajor oital Projects Funds
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 450,000	\$	450,000
Charges for services		-	-	7,714		7,714
Investment income		167	 -	 394		561
Total revenues		167	 -	 458,108	-	458,275
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal payments		79,865	-	-		79,865
Interest and fiscal charges		10,077	-	-		10,077
Capital outlays	1	,395,411	-	825,000		2,220,411
Total expenditures	1	,485,353	-	825,000		2,310,353
Deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures	(1	,485,186)	-	(366,892)		(1,852,078)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds from bond anticipation notes	1	,484,000	-	-		1,484,000
Transfers in		341,746	-	-		341,746
Total other financing sources	1	,825,746	-	-		1,825,746
Net change in fund balances		340,560	-	(366,892)		(26,332)
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning		626,376	 (132,912)	 422,800		916,264
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$	966,936	\$ (132,912)	\$ 55,908	\$	889,932

Fiduciary Funds

PENSION TRUST FUNDS AND AGENCY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Pension trust funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other postemployment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans. Pension trust funds include the Town Employees' Plan, the Board of Education Employees' Plan, and the Volunteer Firefighters' Incentive Plan.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to report resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Agency funds include the following:

Student Activities Funds - To account for monies generated by student activities in the Town's school system.

Bond Deposit Fund - To account for monies received to ensure that driveways and lawns are installed to correct specifications for new home construction.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	E	Town mployees' Plan	E	Board of Education mployees' Plan	Fir	olunteer efighters' ncentive Plan	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	132,788	\$	481,411	\$	426	\$ 614,625
Investments:							
Fixed income securities		206,679		1,261,678		-	1,468,357
Certificate of deposit		119,970		-		-	119,970
Mutual funds		119,280		987,238		323,076	1,429,594
Common stock		2,094,780		924,196		-	3,018,976
Other		-		42,208		-	42,208
Contributions receivable		-		166,031			166,031
Total assets		2,673,497		3,862,762		323,502	 6,859,761
LIABILITIES							
Due to other funds		1,939		-		10	1,949
Total liabilities		1,939				10	 1,949
NET POSITION							
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	2,671,558	\$	3,862,762	\$	323,492	\$ 6,857,812

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	E	Town mployees' Plan	F	Board of Education mployees' Plan	Fire	olunteer efighters' acentive Plan	Total
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Employer	\$	186,330	\$	256,031	\$	11,577	\$ 453,938
Plan members		79,388		56,239			135,627
Total contributions		265,718		312,270	·	11,577	589,565
Investment earnings:				_			
Interest and dividends		101,252		112,320		9,732	223,304
Net appreciation in the fair value of							
investments, net of investment fees		276,428		314,014		62,554	652,996
Total investment earnings, net		377,680		426,334		72,286	876,300
Total additions		643,398		738,604		83,863	 1,465,865
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefit payments		52,004		179,474		17,836	249,314
Administrative expenses		_		12,518		-	12,518
Total deductions		52,004		191,992		17,836	261,832
Change in net position		591,394		546,612		66,027	1,204,033
Net Position Held in Trust for							
Pension Benefits:							
Beginning		2,080,164		3,316,150		257,465	 5,653,779
Ending	\$	2,671,558	\$	3,862,762	\$	323,492	\$ 6,857,812

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	A	Student ctivities Funds	Γ	Bond Deposit Fund	Total Agency Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200,783	\$	34,432	\$	235,215	
Total assets	\$	200,783	\$	34,432	\$	235,215	
LIABILITIES							
Due to others	\$	200,783	\$	34,432	\$	235,215	
Total liabilities	\$	200,783	\$	34,432	\$	235,215	

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Student Activities Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 161,701 \$ 738,247 \$ 699,165 \$	200,783 200,783
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 161,701 \$ 738,247 \$ 699.165 \$	
1	200,783
Total assets \$ 161,701 \$ 738,247 \$ 699,165 \$	
Liabilities	
Due to others \$ 161,701 \$ 738,247 \$ 699,165 \$	200,783
Total liabilities \$ 161,701 \$ 738,247 \$ 699,165 \$	200,783
Bond Deposit Fund Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 48,732 \$ 4,000 \$ 18,300 \$	34,432
Total assets \$ 48,732 \$ 4,000 \$ 18,300 \$	34,432
Liabilities	
Due to others \$ 48,732 \$ 4,000 \$ 18,300 \$	34,432
Total liabilities \$ 48,732 \$ 4,000 \$ 18,300 \$	34,432
Total All Agency Funds Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 303,324 \$ 742,247 \$ 717,465 \$	235,215
Total assets \$ 303,324 \$ 742,247 \$ 717,465 \$	235,215
Liabilities	
Due to others \$ 303,324 \$ 742,247 \$ 717,465 \$	235,215
Total liabilities \$ 303,324 \$ 742,247 \$ 717,465 \$	235,215

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	75
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Town's ability to generate its property taxes.	81
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	84
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	86
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about the Town's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the Town's financial information relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	88

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the accompanying tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year			
	2005	2006	2007	2008		2009
Governmental activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 27,600,663	\$ 34,091,150	\$ 35,304,308	\$ 36,774,384	\$	38,094,992
Restricted	253,736	278,884	316,030	298,815		345,544
Unrestricted	8,748,455	5,663,831	7,664,624	7,953,501		7,095,822
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 36,602,854	\$ 40,033,865	\$ 43,284,962	\$ 45,026,700	\$	45,536,358
			Fiscal Year			
	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Governmental activities	 _	 				<u> </u>
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,619,014	\$ 38,972,295	\$ 39,544,160	\$ 39,917,453	\$	41,657,339
Restricted	375,142	467,790	685,697	552,290		632,490
Unrestricted	6,224,532	4,497,207	4,406,532	5,666,268		6,129,427
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 46,218,688	\$ 43,937,292	\$ 44,636,389	\$ 46,136,011	\$	48,419,256

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,608,514	\$ 3,441,569	\$ 2,647,209	\$ 2,850,726	\$ 3,355,461	\$ 2,400,957	\$ 2,671,986	\$ 1,847,141	\$ 2,157,177	\$ 2,325,664
Public safety	1,118,929	1,153,585	1,265,878	1,477,575	1,511,369	1,572,666	1,710,710	1,737,616	1,780,489	1,798,758
Public works	1,079,095	981,652	1,317,306	1,797,973	1,512,162	1,465,614	1,647,722	3,593,895	2,225,255	2,545,433
Sanitation (1)	843,904	913,546	903,235	855,350	941,549	793,200	829,323	815,396	713,943	716,871
Health and social services	103,826	114,724	111,926	123,753	79,031	311,741	175,649	159,253	144,374	170,823
Library	363,901	383,706	401,716	398,753	459,413	596,090	497,825	485,491	482,812	476,667
Culture and recreation	110,676	113,382	118,581	155,661	191,635	450,294	173,635	234,757	264,883	288,716
Education	17,927,491	19,537,153	20,560,330	27,443,607	23,493,123	23,336,796	23,864,113	24,187,619	24,225,731	25,147,599
Interest expense	879,729	948,729	887,476	985,345	866,922	760,415	679,951	600,495	605,379	405,209
Total governmental activities expenses	25,036,065	27,588,046	28,213,657	36,088,743	32,410,665	31,687,773	32,250,914	33,661,663	32,600,043	33,875,740
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:	465.240	545.054	500 504	075.57	464.600	427.002	100 111	440 500	024 470	
General government Public safety	465,318 135,387	515,371 177,044	592,586 270,742	875,576 253,105	461,600 260,037	427,882 316,922	480,114 263,266	469,503 292,985	926,179 282,149	\$ 576,834 307,782
Sanitation (1)	293,206	579,378	526,047	346,233	620,878	408,709	349,593	311,334	181,864	133,313
Health and social services	275,200	577,576	520,047	540,235	020,070	65,203	79,088	74,751	63,045	58,282
Library	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	16,873	9,411
Culture and recreation	91,092	98,666	81,799	106,933	65,084	184,493	136,993	148,914	123,409	93,661
Education	553,935	579,755	470,413	475,982	478,530	449,219	444,099	438,616	397,739	395,133
Operating grants and contributions	6,034,438	7,045,047	7,305,431	14,756,945	9,191,247	9,183,208	9,458,832	10,797,450	9,546,817	10,288,334
Capital grants and contributions	2,686,671	3,487,629	2,348,475	660,135	1,018,766	1,376,142	794,874	736,754	134,708	1,573,883
Total governmental activities program revenues	10,260,047	12,482,890	11,595,493	17,474,909	12,096,142	12,411,778	12,006,859	13,270,307	11,672,783	13,436,633
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	(14,776,018)	(15,105,156)	(16,618,164)	(18,613,834)	(20,314,523)	(19,275,995)	(20,244,055)	(20,391,356)	(20,927,260)	(20,439,107)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	13,975,887	14,696,138	15,488,458	16,021,551	16,648,953	17,000,499	17,172,881	18,015,130	19,129,203	19,488,998
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific										
programs	2,734,397	3,356,909	3,780,097	3,900,091	4,117,089	2,857,667	2,799,849	2,990,206	3,193,542	3,049,172
Unrestricted investment earnings	262,887	401,087	600,706	433,930	58,139	100,159	205,679	85,117	124,247	184,182
Miscellaneous	77,324	82,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	17,050,495	18,536,167	19,869,261	20,355,572	20,824,181	19,958,325	20,178,409	21,090,453	22,446,992	22,722,352
Special items - loss on sale of capital assets							2,215,750			
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 2,274,477	\$ 3,431,011	\$ 3,251,097	\$ 1,741,738	\$ 509,658	\$ 682,330	\$ (2,281,396)	\$ 699,097	\$ 1,519,732	\$ 2,283,245

⁽¹⁾ Sanitation includes recycling/transfer station and water/sewer sanititation.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year		
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function/Program			 	 	
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 918,661	\$ 898,930	\$ 848,865	\$ 1,483,196	\$ 1,330,462
Public safety	174,687	396,797	293,221	453,624	408,559
Public works	46,646	135,281	278,406	118,329	107,462
Sanitation	299,181	579,378	526,047	346,233	620,878
Health and social services	4,889	22,303	5,335	6,559	5,335
Library	10,092	18,956	21,747	24,975	252,980
Culture and recreation	91,092	98,666	81,799	109,238	65,084
Education	8,714,796	10,332,579	9,540,073	14,932,755	9,305,382
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,260,044	\$ 12,482,890	\$ 11,595,493	\$ 17,474,909	\$ 12,096,142
			Fiscal Year		
	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 429,478	\$ 626,782	\$ 486,206	\$ 934,326	\$ 576,834
Public safety	335,999	365,841	310,172	316,560	479,391
Public works	975,690	514,350	1,929,980	410,069	1,459,630
Sanitation	408,709	561,770	345,901	181,864	141,088
Health and social services	227,570	79,088	77,641	63,045	75,447
Library	382,459	86,966	77,083	20,185	21,484
Culture and recreation	338,773	293,610	131,671	123,409	543,661
Education	 9,313,100	9,478,452	9,911,653	9,623,325	10,139,098
Total governmental activities	\$ 12,411,778	\$ 12,411,778	\$ 13,270,307	\$ 11,672,783	\$ 13,436,633

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

		Fisca	Fiscal Year					
	 2005	 2006		2007		2008		
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$ 330,646	\$ 329,886	\$	329,886	\$	416,886		
Unassigned	3,210,162	3,282,190		3,236,028		4,011,387		
Total general fund	\$ 3,540,808	\$ 3,612,076	\$	3,565,914	\$	4,428,273		
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000		
Restricted	240,332	242,052		203,884		289,162		
Committed	1,880,533	2,402,839		1,897,645		2,229,468		
Unassigned	(132,248)	 (252,444)		(1,846,852)		(517,590)		

Total all other governmental funds

			Fiscal	Year			
	2009	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$ 549,764	\$ 421,071	\$ 401,863	\$	93,474	\$ 74,786	\$ 185,098
Restricted	-	-	-		194,587	-	-
Committed	-	780,737	780,737		840,737	900,737	846,845
Assigned	-	-	-		179,364	246,729	160,167
Unassigned	4,823,278	4,166,099	3,314,760		3,806,587	4,878,614	5,624,179
Total general fund	\$ 5,373,042	\$ 5,367,907	\$ 4,497,360	\$	5,114,749	\$ 6,100,866	\$ 6,816,289
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000
Restricted	301,324	321,957	392,790		416,110	477,290	1,146,275
Committed	2,958,702	2,561,501	2,451,887		2,418,024	2,645,183	2,263,475
Unassigned	(247,351)	(245,285)	(209,695)		(142,366)	(134,896)	(132,912)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,087,675	\$ 2,713,173	\$ 2,709,982	\$	2,766,768	\$ 3,062,577	\$ 3,351,838

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

	 2005	 2006	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010		2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$ 13,923,620	\$ 14,828,059	\$ 15,478,254	\$ 16,063,571	\$ 16,722,954	\$ 17,017,421	\$	17,058,185	\$ 18,065,407	\$ 19,088,274	\$ 19,400,489
Intergovernmental	12,531,236	14,420,750	13,957,041	19,775,405	14,627,317	12,930,223		13,473,047	14,775,994	13,056,442	14,911,608
Charges for services	542,717	836,692	653,611	687,299	1,580,755	1,902,923		1,774,242	1,757,373	1,848,530	1,562,816
Investment income	262,890	401,087	600,706	433,869	58,139	100,159		205,679	85,117	124,247	184,182
Miscellaneous	1,196,592	1,344,801	1,358,499	1,626,222	344,259	422,446		127,551	81,710	123,225	25,107
Total revenues	28,457,055	 31,831,389	 32,048,111	38,586,366	33,333,424	 32,373,172		32,638,704	34,765,601	34,240,718	36,084,202
Expenditures											
General government	2,225,766	2,041,117	2,092,107	2,452,665	2,353,643	2,370,322		2,454,899	1,777,569	2,186,516	2,240,095
Public safety	954,699	1,054,426	1,152,176	1,311,287	1,231,913	1,314,825		1,440,640	1,468,427	1,481,217	1,553,050
Public works	865,707	994,425	1,088,571	1,089,718	1,107,129	1,109,644		1,209,961	2,876,181	1,808,620	1,978,226
Sanitation	679,002	782,095	824,962	680,408	714,259	671,790		897,332	665,016	570,221	564,017
Health and social services	102,780	102,010	114,300	113,831	68,742	302,112		162,032	149,363	134,885	160,785
Library	339,105	352,409	371,440	366,299	398,098	417,900		468,247	458,881	457,280	458,579
Culture and recreation	93,993	111,326	105,968	137,518	174,799	480,064		149,018	216,937	247,785	261,706
Education	17,139,454	18,485,172	19,281,192	26,539,838	21,837,453	21,885,472		22,743,734	23,154,419	23,333,131	24,318,652
Miscellaneous	254,492	424,465	465,323	390,195	924,141	_ :	**	120,000	-	-	-
Debt service:											
Principal payments	1,818,014	1,868,070	1,889,742	2,128,567	2,450,664	2,321,091		2,224,578	1,747,369	1,594,800	1,439,865
Interest and fiscal charges	854,216	1,036,292	875,516	903,767	865,591	761,087		668,650	591,562	593,658	415,770
Capital outlays	6,444,699	7,426,706	4,496,287	2,130,356	3,779,384	1,118,502		1,147,252	1,461,154	748,455	3,438,773
Total expenditures	 31,771,927	34,678,513	32,757,584	 38,244,449	 35,905,816	32,752,809		33,686,343	 34,566,878	33,156,568	 36,829,518
Excess of revenues over	 		 	 	 				 		
(under) expenditures	 (3,314,872)	 (2,847,124)	 (709,473)	 341,917	(2,572,392)	 (379,637)		(1,047,639)	198,723	 1,084,150	 (745,316)

^{* -} Beginning in FY 2009, charges for ambulance services have been presented as charges for services instead of as miscellaneous revenue.

^{** -} Beginning in FY 2010, miscellaneous expenditures have been classified into one of the other specific expenditure categories.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

	2005	5	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)											
Issuance of bonds	\$ 5,10	0,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of refunding bonds		-	5,700,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,610,000	-
Premium on issuance											
of bonds		-	-	-	5,417	-	-	-	-	462,953	-
Payment to refunded bond											
escrow agent		-	(5,642,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,875,166)	-
Issuance of bond anticipation note	70	0,000	-	3,200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,750,000
Premium on issuance of											
bond anticipation note		-	26,336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment of bond anticipation note	(2,10	0,000)	-	-	(3,200,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital leases	8	9,970	578,856	118,195	105,000	176,462	-	173,902	475,452	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	55	0,726	1,727,571	1,012,799	1,621,153	685,899	714,504	455,000	784,203	1,104,768	635,246
Transfers out	(55	0,726)	(1,727,571)	(1,012,799)	(1,621,153)	(685,899)	(714,504)	(455,000)	(784,203)	(1,104,768)	(635,246)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,78	9,970	663,192	3,318,195	4,010,417	176,462	-	173,902	475,452	197,787	1,750,000
Net change in											
fund balances	\$ 47	5,098	\$ (2,183,932)	\$ 2,608,722	\$ 4,352,334	\$ (2,395,930)	\$ (379,637)	\$ (873,737)	\$ 674,175	\$ 1,281,937	\$ 1,004,684
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.6%	ó 0	 10.2%	10.5%	8.9%	10.3%	10.6%	8.9%	7.0%	 6.8%	5.6%

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Residential Commercial Property Property \$ 393,235,050 \$ 141,650,7			ndustrial Property	Total Real Estate Assessment	Less: ax Exempt Property	Т	otal Taxable Assessed Value	(1) Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value	
2005	\$	393,235,050	\$	141,650,780	\$ 4,626,690	\$ 539,512,520	\$ 122,509,550	\$	417,002,970	28.56	\$ 595,718,529	70.00%
2006	*	623,959,770		179,788,170	5,837,040	809,584,980	156,058,690		653,526,290	20.25	933,608,986	70.00%
2007		628,363,625		179,343,800	6,322,760	814,030,185	156,002,450		658,027,735	21.01	940,039,621	70.00%
2008		638,193,495		180,135,170	6,340,570	824,669,235	156,435,960		668,233,275	21.56	954,618,964	70.00%
2009		649,716,283		180,995,220	5,857,980	836,569,483	156,910,410		679,659,073	21.91	970,941,533	70.00%
2010		661,434,443		184,674,110	5,958,700	852,067,253	159,272,590		692,794,663	22.11	989,706,661	70.00%
2011	*	698,819,380		210,411,680	9,353,100	918,584,160	179,451,980		739,132,180	21.12	1,055,903,114	70.00%
2012		698,734,360		212,161,650	9,248,700	920,144,710	182,170,580		737,974,130	22.12	1,054,248,757	70.00%
2013		699,832,510		207,140,950	9,271,500	916,244,960	175,972,280		740,272,680	23.12	1,057,532,400	70.00%
2014		702,215,059		208,843,550	9,404,600	920,463,209	175,641,180		744,822,029	23.37	1,064,031,470	70.00%

⁽¹⁾ The Total Direct Tax Rate shown above is the mill rate. The mill rate is divided by 1,000 and then multiplied by the taxable assessed value in arriving at the current property tax levy.

Note:

Fiscal year 2006 was the first year after a property revaluation was performed, which caused the Total Taxable Assessed Value to increase significantly and the mill rate to decrease significantly. The basis of taxable assessed value is 70% of the estimated actual value.

Source: Town of Somers, Office of the Assessor.

^{*} Revaluation completed.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		2014	4		20	005
			Percentage of Total Town	<u> </u>		Percentage of Total Town
		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable
		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Value		Value	Value
Connecticut Light & Power	<u> </u>	7,358,820	0.80%		4,476,810	0.83%
Grower Direct Inc		2,785,870	0.30%	(1)	2,531,900	0.47%
Conval Inc		2,435,350	0.26%		506,670	0.09%
The CT Water Company		2,314,020	0.25%	(1)	874,845	0.16%
Somers Crossing LLC		2,070,400	0.22%		257,510	0.05%
Somers Recreation Inc		1,762,630	0.19%		1,147,950	0.21%
Housing Authority Town of Somers		1,680,000	0.18%		-	0.00%
Birkenshaw, David		1,659,680	0.18%		1,117,382	0.21%
Driving Range 349 Main Street LLC		1,357,880	0.15%		-	0.00%
Forty Scitico Road LLC		1,348,200	0.15%		-	0.00%
Total	\$	24,772,850	2.69%		\$ 10,913,067	2.02%
Total Taxable Assessed						
Real Estate Value *	\$	920,463,209			\$ 539,512,520	

(1) Taxable assessed value before Manufacturing Machinery & Equipment State exemptions

Note: A property revaluation was performed in 2009.

Source: Town of Somers, Office of the Assessor.

^{*} Total Taxable Assessed Real Estate Value before Exempt Property

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Taxes Levied Ended for the			 Collected w Fiscal Year o		Co	ollections	 Total Collection	ons to Date
Ended		for the		Percentage	in S	ubsequent		Percentage
June 30,]	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy		Years	 Amount	of Levy
2005	\$	14,020,021	\$ 13,839,346	98.71%	\$	115,885	\$ 13,955,231	99.54%
2006		14,677,342	14,495,007	98.76%		67,979	14,562,986	99.22%
2007		15,438,818	15,258,285	98.83%		126,591	15,384,876	99.65%
2008		15,985,836	15,781,620	98.72%		162,930	15,944,550	99.74%
2009		16,622,495	16,457,607	99.01%		131,391	16,588,998	99.80%
2010		16,790,911	16,646,987	99.14%		112,950	16,759,937	99.82%
2011		17,038,590	16,827,615	98.76%		159,026	16,986,641	99.70%
2012		17,736,719	17,523,381	98.80%		143,184	17,666,565	99.60%
2013		18,591,286	18,369,471	98.81%		127,357	18,496,828	99.49%
2014		19,288,638	19,038,264	98.70%		-	19,038,264	98.70%

Source: Town of Somers, Office of the Tax Collector.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	G	overni	nental Activit	ies				Percentage			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Ar	Bond nticipation Notes		Capital Leases	_	Total Primary overnment	of Actual Property Value	Percentage of Personal Income	<u>C</u>	Per Capita
2005	\$ 19,510,000	\$	1,400,000	\$	_	\$	20,910,000	5.01%	7.45%	\$	1,934
2006	18,185,000		-		-		18,185,000	1.95%	6.49%		1,684
2007	16,500,000		3,200,000		-		19,700,000	2.10%	7.01%		1,819
2008	21,680,000		3,200,000		-		24,880,000	2.61%	8.84%		2,293
2009	19,445,000		-		-		19,445,000	2.00%	6.88%		1,785
2010	17,325,000		_		-		17,325,000	1.75%	6.10%		1,582
2011	15,215,000		_		225,913		15,440,913	1.46%	4.35%		1,367
2012	13,595,000		_		573,996		14,168,996	1.34%	3.88%		1,220
2013	12,956,060		-		464,196		13,420,256	1.27%	3.34%		1,173
2014	11,537,141		1,750,000		384,331		13,671,472	1.28%	3.52%		1,179

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Legal Debt Margin Calculation:										
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	\$ 98,447,230	\$ 108,045,455	\$ 108,174,374	\$ 112,256,683	\$ 117,329,933	\$ 118,436,023	\$ 119,578,025	\$ 124,784,597	\$ 130,596,214	\$ 135,638,237
Total present indebtedness	18,705,471	21,249,123	24,039,136	19,153,094	17,561,812	16,051,164	14,545,068	13,250,809	12,337,184	16,323,510
Margin for additional borrowing	\$ 79,741,759	\$ 86,796,332	\$ 84,135,238	\$ 93,103,589	\$ 99,768,121	\$ 102,384,859	\$ 105,032,957	\$ 111,533,788	\$ 118,259,030	\$ 119,314,727
Total net debt applicable to the debt										
limit as a percentage of the debt limit	19.00%	19.67%	22.22%	17.06%	14.97%	13.55%	12.16%	10.62%	9.45%	12.03%

Note: Connecticut General Statutes, Section 7-374(b) limits the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may use to 7 times total tax collections, including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for the elderly freeze grant.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

			(1) Per				
	(4)	D 1	Capita	(1)	Education	(2)	(3)
	(1)	Personal	Personal	Median	Level in Years	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	 Income	 Income	Age	of Schooling	Enrollment	Rate
2005	10,812	\$ 280,593,024	\$ 25,952	37.4	12.0	1,744	5.4%
2006	10,797	280,203,744	25,952	37.4	12.0	1,738	4.7%
2007	10,831	281,086,112	25,952	37.4	12.0	1,732	5.0%
2008	10,850	281,579,200	25,952	37.4	12.0	1,785	4.6%
2009	10,894	282,721,088	25,952	37.4	12.0	1,739	8.2%
2010	10,950	284,174,400	25,952	37.4	12.0	1,650	9.9%
2011	11,297	355,268,056	31,448	45.4	12.0	1,632	8.2%
2012	11,617	365,331,416	31,448	45.4	12.0	1,615	8.3%
2013	11,444	402,073,496	35,134	42.0	12.0	1,522	7.2%
2014	11,598	388,243,050	33,475	42.2	12.0	1,507	6.7%

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2013 Estimate Update
- (2) Town of Somers, Board of Education
- (3) State of Connecticut, Labor Department, Office of Research and Statistics

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR

(Unaudited)

	2	2014
		Percentage of Total Town
Employer	Employees	Employment
CT Department of Corrections	736	29.71%
Town of Somers	294	11.87%
Grower Direct	125	5.05%
Conval Inc	110	4.44%
Geisslers Supermarket	85	3.43%
New England Tractor Trailer	41	1.66%
Lindy Farms	30	1.21%
The Grammer School	17	0.69%
First Group America Inc.	23	0.93%
Power Specialists Assoc.	20	0.81%
Total	1,481	59.80%

Total Somers Based Employment

2,477

Note: The total employment is not available within the Town of Somers and therefore the percentage of total town employment cannot be calculated.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program										
General government										
Finance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Planning	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Other	9	9	9	10	10	9	9	9	7	7
Police										
Officers	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	4
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	3
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
Refuse collection	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	-	2
Public works	12	11	11	9	8	8	8	9	13	8
Parks and recreation	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	2	4
Library	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	10
Sanitation	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Transit	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total	53	52	53	52	50	48	48	46	47	53

A full-time Town Hall and Library employee is scheduled to work 35.0 hours per week (including vacation and sick leave). A full-time Public Works, Police and Fire Department employee works 40.0 hours per week (including vacation and sick leave).

Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 35 or 40 whichever is applicable.

Source: Town of Somers, Treasurer's Office.

Note:

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Policie Poli			2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Criminal investigations	Function,	Program										
Motor vehicle accidents	Police											
Fire		Criminal investigations	244	228	252	277	233	276	296	266	292	247
Fire		Motor vehicle accidents	167	131	109	144	150	140	127	133	130	130
Fires extinguished 34 34 35 32 37 37 32 32 32 32 32		DWI Arrests	40	20	42	28	17	19	24	33	36	29
Fires extinguished (1) 145 33 32 29 41 203 251 230 25 21 280 1850 1850 (1) 145 33 128 144 203 251 240 234 252 240 1850 1850 1850 1850 1850 1850 1850 185	Fire											
Refuse collection		Emergency responses	440	440	528	522	907	932	1,058	1,225	999	929
Refuse collected (tons per year) 3,795 3,900 4,041 3,943 3,794 2,810 4,345 2) 3,733 2 4,693 2 3,750 2,810 3,810 3,91		Fires extinguished	33	33	29	41	26	15	23	25	21	28
Refuse collected (tons per year) 3,795 3,900 4,041 3,943 3,794 2,810 4,345 (2) 3,733 (2) 4,693 (2) 3,030 (2) <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1) 145</td><td>33</td><td>128</td><td>144</td><td>203</td><td>251</td><td>240</td><td>234</td><td>252</td><td>246</td></th<>			1) 145	33	128	144	203	251	240	234	252	246
Recycling (tons per year) 1,229 1,350 1,112 1,078 944 823 975 1,045 779 803 Recycling (tons per year) 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Refuse co											
Recycling (tons per year)			,		,	*	,			, ,		,
Street resurfacing			1,229	1,350	1,112	1,078	944	823				
Street resurfacing 11 12 12 9 8 8 8 4 7 7 Paved surface - 1 - - 1 - - 1 1 1 Crack sealing - - - - - 3 3 6 2 3 Library Volumes in collection 46,674 48,324 56,930 57,218 54,605 51,305 53,698 56,139 57,822 59,488 Total volumes circulated 37,587 62,505 57,632 81,639 53,680 59,155 56,039 56,139 57,822 59,488 New connections 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 2 New well permits 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1<		, , ,	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (2)	490 (2)	666 (2)	2,310
Paved surface - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 <	Other pul											
Crack sealing 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 6 2 3 Library Volumes in collection 46,674 48,324 56,930 57,218 54,605 51,305 53,698 56,139 57,822 59,488 Total volumes circulated 57,587 62,505 57,632 81,639 53,680 59,155 60,085 60,468 63,111 58,206 Water New connections 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 2 Wastewater New selptermits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 New sewer connections 1 4 4		O	11		12	9	8	8	8	4	7	7
Volumes in collection 46,674 48,324 56,930 57,218 54,605 51,305 53,698 56,139 57,822 59,488 50,489 50,4			-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1
Volumes in collection 46,674 48,324 56,930 57,218 54,605 51,305 53,698 56,139 57,822 59,488 Total volumes circulated 57,587 62,505 57,632 81,639 53,680 59,155 60,085 60,468 63,111 58,206 Water New connections 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 New well permits 15 34 16 19 15 9 13 7 7 6 Wastewater New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) 24,189 21,500		Crack sealing	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	6	2	3
Total volumes circulated 57,587 62,505 57,632 81,639 53,680 59,155 60,085 60,468 63,111 58,206 Water New connections 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 New well permits 15 34 16 19 15 9 13 7 7 6 Wastewater New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383	Library											
Water New connections 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 2 New well permits 15 34 16 19 15 9 13 7 7 6 Wastewater New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New septic permits 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383			,		,	57,218	,		*	56,139	57,822	59,488
New connections 5 7 18 23 13 4 1 - 2 2 New well permits 15 34 16 19 15 9 13 7 7 6 Wastewater New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New septic permits 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) 7 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383		Total volumes circulated	57,587	62,505	57,632	81,639	53,680	59,155	60,085	60,468	63,111	58,206
New well permits 15 34 16 19 15 9 13 7 7 6 Wastewater New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383	Water											
Wastewater New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383								4	=	-		2
New septic permits 57 64 46 53 47 38 28 49 11 10 New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383		1	15	34	16	19	15	9	13	7	7	6
New sewer connections 1 1 25 17 11 14 2 2 6 4 Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383	Wastewat											
Average yearly sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383		New septic permits	57	64	46	53	47	38	28	49	11	10
(thousands of gallons)/day 50 45 40 38 41 38 39 31 28 29 Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383			1	1	25	17	11	14	2	2	6	4
Transit (senior bus) Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383		Average yearly sewage treatment										
Total route miles 24,189 21,500 24,000 25,732 24,732 21,200 28,596 25,486 23,039 25,383		(thousands of gallons)/day	50	45	40	38	41	38	39	31	28	29
	Transit (senior bus)										
Passengers 2,262 1,784 1,896 1,805 1,218 2,405 3,405 4,136 3,917 4,545		Total route miles	24,189	21,500	24,000	25,732	24,732	21,200	28,596	25,486	23,039	25,383
		Passengers	2,262	1,784	1,896	1,805	1,218	2,405	3,405	4,136	3,917	4,545

(2) Transitioned to single stream recycling

Source: Various Town departments.

⁽¹⁾ Fire Marshall Inspections included "school construction inspections" as follows: 143 in 2005 year and 20 in 2006 year.

TOWN OF SOMERS, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	4	4	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	3
State patrol units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other public works										
Streets (miles)	83.9	84.9	85.0	84.0	84.0	87.0	89.3	89.4	89.6	89.6
Highways (miles)	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.8	8.0	8.0
Streetlights	3	3	3	3	3	3	30 (2)	450 (2)	450 (2)	450
Traffic signals	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	9
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	58.8	118.2	118.2
Playgrounds	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Baseball/softball diamonds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Soccer/football fields	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	11	11
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water mains (miles)	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	4.8 (1)	4.8 (1)	4.8 (1)	4.8
Fire hydrants	82	82	82	116	116	116	193	195	200	200
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	345	345	345	345	345	345	- (1)	- (1)	- (1)	-
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.8	3.8
Storm sewers (miles)	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	65	65	65	100	100	100	100	100	97	97
Transit-minibuses	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3

⁽¹⁾ Per contract termination water system sold to Hazardville Water Company

(2) Includes streetlights leased from CL&P

Source: Various Town departments.